# Unusual & Rare

# Hardy Perennials

#### U001 Anemone, Yellow Wood

Anemone × seemannii

A natural hybrid from Europe for the woodland garden. Yellow early spring flowers. Also known as Anemone  $\times$ lipsiensis. 6"h by 15"w  $\bigcirc$   $\bigotimes$  \$10.00—2.5" pot

#### U002 **Begonia, Hardy** Begonia grandis evansiana

Pink flowers in summer and fall. Not usually considered hardy here, but has proven hardy in several local gardens. 24"h ●● \$5.00—2.5" pot

#### U003 Bloodroot, Double 🕬

Sanguinaria canadensis Multiplex

Multi-petaled white flowers look like miniature water lilies. Buds pop up in early spring followed by tightly rolled silver-green leaves that unfurl to as much as 8" wide. Prefers moist, humus-rich soil. Should be divided every few years. Selected from a wildflower native to Minnesota. 10–12"h by 8"w ① \$20.00—4" pot

#### U005 Flowering Garlic, Kii (III) Allium kiiense

A plant whose flowers are happy and blooming at 16°F. Out-facing lavender clusters cover this mounding plant in late fall. The thin, evergreen foliage turns red in the cold. From southern Japan. 6"h  $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$  \$11.00–2.5" pot

#### U006 Fumeroot

Corydalis solida Arrowhead Alpines seedlings Clusters of 1" flowers could be anything from purple to red above lacy blue-green foliage in spring. Dies back to the ground by midsummer. This bleeding heart cousin is resistant to deer, rabbits, and squirrels. May self-seed. 10" h  $\bigcirc$  \$14.00-2.5" pot

#### U007 Gentian, Blue Gentiana True Blue

Funnel-shaped, electric blue 2" flowers open up and down the stems. Blooms midsummer through early fall. Smooth, glossy leaves form an attractive clump. An easy-care perennial. Deer-resistant. 24-30"h by 12-18"w  $\bigcirc 0$  % 23 18.00-1 gal. pot

### U008 Hardy Gloxinia 🚙

#### Incarvillea mairei grandiflora

From the alpine grasslands of the Himalayas. Blooms May–July. Deep pink trumpets with yellow throats. Flower stalks grow from leaf rosettes in the spring. Grow in moist, well-drained soil.  $12^{"}h \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$  \$7.00—3.5" pot

#### Hellebore Helleborus

Among the first flowers of spring. Cupped flowers with overlapping, pointed petals. Leathery evergreen leaves. Very long-lived in the right spot; perfect for woodland areas. Needs moist, rich soil and good drainage. Lightly mulch to retain moisture through the summer. Mature plants dislike being moved or divided.  $\bigcirc \bigcirc \textcircled{S}$ 

#### \$10.00—1 quart pot:

U009 **Hybrid Mix**—A range of colors including white, yellow, pink, green, and purple. 18"h

#### \$17.00—4.5" pot:

- U010 Frostkiss Anna's Red M—Rosy flowers change to burgundy. Leaves are marbled with cream. The Frostkiss series has abundant, out-facing 3" blossoms above brightly marbled foliage. Whiskery centers look like fireworks. Blooms later than other hellebores. 18–24"h
- U011 **Frostkiss Bayli's Blush** *H*. × *iburgensis* ← Pale cream brushed with lavender-pink. 18–24"h

# U021 Japanese Hyacinth **NEW** Barnardia japonica

Short spikes of dainty mauve-pink flowers late

summer–fall. Foliage may die off before flowers appear. Also known as autumn squill. 6–12"h ○●≛ⓒ \$10.00—2.5" pot

Lady's Slipper see box, below

#### Lily, Martagon Lilium martagon

Small, recurved flowers dangle from upright stems in early summer. Flowers open from the bottom up over one to two weeks. Self-seeds in a good site, preferring part shade.  $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ 

**Arabian Knight** -Deep red to maroon flowers brushed with gold. Maroon spots. Fragrant. 36–48"h U035 \$12.00–4.5" pot

U036 \$35.00—1.5 gal. pot

- U037 **Claude Shride**—Deep copper-red to mahogany flowers lightly spotted with gold-orange. Vigorous. 36–48"h \$35.00—1.5 gal. pot
- U038 Manitoba Morning @—Rich pink buds open to a rosy burnt red with dark speckles surrounded
- by yellow. 48"h **\$12.00—4.5" pot** U039 **Sunny Morning**—Deep orange-yellow flowers with gold circular spots. 48–60"h
- \$35.00—1.5 gal. pot U040 Terrace City—Yellow petals blend into pink with
- scattered deep red spots. 36–48"h 🗑 \$35.00–1.5 gal. pot

#### U041 Lords and Ladies

#### Arum italicum Marmoratum

Arrowhead-shaped grayish green leaves with pale green veins. Leaves disappear in late spring. In early summer, it bears pale greenish white spathes followed by spikes of bright orange berries. Largest leaves (8–12" long) in part shade, but needs an open sunny site to bloom well. 12–18"h  $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \$$  **\$16.00–4.5" pot** 

#### U042 Peony, Fern-Leaf NEW

#### Paeonia tenuifolia

Deep red 3–4" flowers in May, before most peonies. Choose between single- or double-flowered varieties. Feathery foliage stays attractive. 18–24"h ○ (2) \$78.00-2 gal. pot

**Peony, Itoh** Paeonia suffruticosa × lactiflora

These crosses between woody and common peonies have stems that hold up well in rain. Grows from the ground up each year like a common peony, but with large (5–9") flowers on stronger stems like a woody peony. Early summer bloom. Deer-resistant.

U043 **Bartzella**—Canary yellow 9" double blossoms with red flames at the center. Slightly spicy scent. Mature plants can bear 30 flowers. 24–36"h

\$35.00—2 gal. pot

#### Peony, Itoh continued

- U044 **Cora Louise**—Semi-double to double 8–10" white flowers with deep fuchsia-lavender marks. Prominent yellow stamens. Up to 50 flowers on mature plants. Light fragrance. Mid-late season. 26–30"h by 42–48"w **\$49.00—2** gal. pot
- U045 **Julia Rose**—Large, single to semi-double flowers in cherry red fading to soft apricot and then to yellow blending to reddish purple. Pleasant, slightly spicy scent. Especially vigorous. 28"h by 42"w \$49.00—2 gal. pot
- U046 **Morning Lilac**—Semi-double magenta with a whiskery yellow center. The petals are delicately streaked with white, purple at base, and lighten to lavender-pink. Some fragrance. 28"h
- \$68.00—2 gal. pot
  U047 Old Rose Dandy—Unusual, color-changing 4"
  blooms in light purplish rose and apricot colors
  with large crimson flares. The yellow base color
  shows as the flower matures. Fast-growing and
  fragrant. 32"h
  \$49.00—2 gal. pot

**Peony, Woody Gansu** *Paeonia*  $\times$  *rockii* These woody peonies are hybrid varieties from a nursery in Gansu, a mountainous region in China where *Paeonia rockii* is native. The flowers can be up to 10" wide. Very hardy. Fragrant. They are grafted—plant them very deeply so the nurse root is too deep to send up shoots and the grafted top part will root itself.  $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ 

- U049 **Hui He** Lavender pink cup-shaped flowers with gold centers and burgundy-black flares. "Hui He" means "gray crane." 36–72"h
- \$39.00—2 gal. pot U050 Hong Hai Qing Long (III)—Bright pink double with dark flares around the center. The name
- means "red ocean with green dragon." 36–72"h \$45.00—2 gal. pot

#### U051 Pinkroot

Spigelia marilandica Little Redhead

Up-facing 2" crimson trumpet flowers flare yellow at the tops, arrayed in a row along each arching stem. Hummingbird magnet. Selection of an Appalachian woodland native. 24"h ● 巻 ※ 文 ② \$34.00—1 gal. pot

#### U052 **Puccoon, Carolina** *Lithospermum caroliniense*

Bright orange-yellow 1" flowers with five petals around a tubular base above lance-shaped leaves. "Puccoon" indicates it was used as a dye. Minnesota native wild flower. Seed from Sherburne County, Minn. 6-24"h  $\bigcirc \bigstar$  30.00-1 gal. pot

#### U053 Surprise Lily Lycoris squamigera 🕬

The leaves come and go with the daffodils, then in late summer a flower stalk bursts from the bare earth with a cluster of pink trumpet-like flowers. Needs spring sun. 30-45"h  $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \%$  \$19.00-4.5" pot

#### Key

- Full sunPart sun/part shade
- Shade
- ♣ Attractive to bees
- Audubon-endorsed
- 💥 Butterfly-friendly
- Y Hummingbird-friendly
- Attractive foliage
- 🖑 Culinary
- A Edible flowers
- 🚱 Ground cover
- 😤 Houseplant
- der de dicinal de la constante de la constan
- Minnesota native
- 🙆 Rock garden
  - Cold-sensitive: keep above 40°F
     Toxic to humans
  - 🕮 Saturday restock

Martagon lily





#### **Groundcover** Cypripedium

Naturally occurring hybrid of *C. yatabeanum* (Alaska, Russia, and Japan) and *C. guttatum* (circumpolar). Miniatures that spread like a ground cover. They prefer well-drained but moist garden soil and regular feeding in

Lady's Slipper o

U025 **Emil NF** (ED)—Bright yellow pouch with slight burgundy striping and twisted brown-burgundy petals. Occasionally two flowers on one stem. 12–18"h \$71.00—1 gal. pot

U026 Frosch's Mother Earth—Selected

Johnny Petersen ( → Both pouch and petals are similarly cream striped with burgundy. 12–18"h U029 NF size \$71.00—1 gal. pot ( → U030 \$89.00—1 gal. pot ( →

U031 Martha (E)—Small flowers with a

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- U012 **Frostkiss Molly's White** -Greenish white with green centers. Leaves are heavily veined with silver. Bracts persist through summer. 18–24"h
- U013 **Frostkiss Penny's Pink** —Flowers change color, from purple in bud to variations on pink and green. Leaves may be veined with pink, silver, or gold. 18–24"h
- U014 **Honeyhill Joy** *H*. × *nigercors* ◀☑ ←Glossy blue-tinged leaves contrast with large out-facing cream flowers that develop a greenish hue. Blooms for two months. 18–28"h
- U015 Honeymoon Paris in Pink @—Single light to medium pink flowers up to 4" wide. 18–24"h
- U016 Honeymoon Spanish Flare III -Single light yellow 3" flowers with burgundy flares. 18–24"h
- U017 **North Star Plum () @**—Reddish purple petals outlined with pink. Fully double. 24–28"h ♣
- U018 **Snowbells** *H. niger* (▲) Semi-double, outfacing white 3" flowers with a greenish yellow center. Blooms up to four weeks earlier than other varieties. 10–12"h
- U019 **Wedding Party Confetti Cake** Single light yellow flowers with heavy burgundy red speckling. From Hans Hansen, formerly of Minnesota and now of Walters Gardens in Michigan. 18–24"h

spring. Semi-shade, no direct sun at midday. Spring bloom. Price depends on one, two, or three blooming buds in the pot. \$89.00, \$139.00 or \$189.00—1 gal. pot: U022 Alaskanum (ED)—Pouch is blotched with well-demarcated burgundy and cream. Petals are wide with irregular patterns of burgundy and white. 8–10"h

U023 **Frosch's Alaskan Beauty** (E) — A selected clone of Alaskanum, chosen for its varied pouch spotting. Rusty burgundy pouch with crisp cream markings, petals blotched with burgundy and white. 8–12"h

#### Hybrid Cypripedium

Hardy hybrid orchids with pouch-like flowers. As with most lady's slippers, these prefer well-drained but moist garden soil and regular feeding in spring. Semi-shade, no direct sun at midday. Spring bloom.

U024 **Annegret (ED)**—Creamy yellow and cinnamon pouch with twisted purple-brown petals. 2010 Frosch introduction. 10"h **\$89.00—1** gal. pot clone of Inge. Pouch is cream with a pale purple blush, and petals are twisted and striped with purple-brown. 12–24"h **\$89.00—1** gal. pot

U027 **Gisela (ED)**—Cream pouch with stripes and dots of burgundy. Petals are large and finely striped in burgundy over creamy green. 15"h

\$89.00—1 gal. pot U028 Hank Small NF—Butter yellow pouch with long, twisted burgundy petals. Most stems have two flowers. RHS Award of Garden Merit. Cross between the Chinese C. henryi (Hank) and C. parviflorum (parvi means small). It's not named for the baseball player. 14–18"h \$71.00—1 gal. pot yellow pouch and green petals striped with burgundy. 6–8"h

\$89.00—1 gal. pot

U032 **Karl Heinz NF (ED)**—Cream pouch with twisted light green and burgundybrown petals. 10–15"h

\$71.00—1 gal. pot

#### U034 **Pink and White Showy** Cypripedium reginae

Our largest and showiest native orchid and the Minnesota state flower. Beautiful white petals and sepals with a rose or crimson slipper. Each flower has twisted petals that flank a puffy central slipper. Blooms from mid- to late June. Needs more sun but without warming the soil; morning sun ideal. Blooming-size plants; rootstock collected from the wild in Minnesota, legally rescued from development. 18–36"h [7 \$49.00—pot size varies

**NF in a Lady's Slipper name** indicates a smaller root size, meaning the plant will take an additional year to reach blooming age.



# Unusual & Rare

# Tender Perennials Over-winter these plants indoors because they won't tolerate frost. It's fun to outfox winter!



#### U054 Angel's Trumpet, Miniature Iochroma australe Blue

Dangling lavender 2" trumpets and furry leaves. Indoors it can bloom throughout the year. Welldrained but moist soil and regular feeding. Can be pruned hard in early spring. From Bolivia and Argentina. Syn. Eriolarynx australis. 24–36"h 🔿 🕀 😂 \$16.00-5.25" pot

#### U055 Bird of Paradise, Orange Strelitzia reginae

Orange and blue flowers emerge from a long narrow spathe. Each flower lasts about a week, but the spathe holds five to seven flowers. South African native plant in the banana family with large, upright leaves. 60–72"h ⊖ 🦉 🕻 😂 \$15.00-4" pot

#### U056 Caper Bush Capparis spinosa

The youngest flower buds, pickled, are delicious peppery capers. These buds, plus the immature leaves and tender shoots, have been enjoyed in the Mediterranean for 2,500 years. It may need to overwinter indoors a year or two to produce the lovely 3" white flowers with whiskery lavender centers. Meanwhile, the vigorous bush needs such severe pruning that we can eat shoots and leaves. Here's a plant that will be far outside its comfort zone in most gardens. What this scrambling, prickly little shrub actually wants is discomfort: inhospitable, stony soil, desert-dry weather, intense sunlight, and temperatures over 100°F. Give it all-day sun, as little water as possible, and super-sharp drainage with either sandy, rocky soil or potting soil for succulents in a container. 24–36"h by 36–72"w 〇 \$35.00—1 gal. pot

#### **Citrus** Citrus

Fragrant white flowers and glossy foliage. Needs excellent drainage. All are self-fruitful. Height depends on how many years it's over-wintered indoors. 〇番世子

#### \$39.00—1 gal. pot:

- U057 Borneo Rangpur C. limonia III Easy-peeling, mandarin-sized fruits. Tart lemon-lime mandarincitron cross from the Rangpur region of Bangladesh. Ornamental tree with purple-edged flowers and honeysuckle-scented leaves. Fruits in one to two years, then fruits year-round. Use to make marmalade or in ice tea or cocktails. 4–5'h 😤
- U058 Calamondin, Variegated C. × Citrofortunella mitis-Cream and green variegated leaves and 1" fruit, striped before ripening. Can be used like lemon or lime for juice or marmalade. syn. × microcarpa 😤
- U059 Grapefruit, Cocktail—Smaller and sweeter than a grapefruit, with yellow or yellow-green skin and yellow flesh. Developed in the 1950s at UC-Riverside from a cross of a mandarin orange and a pommelo. Also called mandelo. 😤
- U060 Kumquat, Meiwa C. crassifolia (E)-Fragrant white summer flowers followed by golden orange 1–2" late-winter-ripening fruits. Orange flesh with few seeds and sweet, edible skin. Semidwarf ornamental, popular in China and Japan. Also known as sweet kumquat. Syn. Fortunella. 3–4'h ∛
- U061 **Lemon, Improved Meyer** C. × *meyeri*—Believed to be a cross of lemon and mandarin orange, Meyer lemons are juicier and sweeter than common lemons. Native to China and introduced in the U.S. by Frank Meyer, it can be pruned to stay small. 😤
- U062a **Lime, Bearss Persian** *C*. × *latifolia*—A unique

#### **Citrus** continued

\$39.00—1 gal. pot (continued):

- U062b Lime, Thai C. hystrix—Grown primarily for its attractive and distinctively shaped double leaves. Prized by Thai cooks, the leaves can be used fresh, dried, or stored frozen. A small, thorny tree that can bloom year-round and may bear small, bumpy fruit. 😤
- U063a **Orange, Seville Sour** *C*. × *aurantium*—Bright orange fruit is used for marmalade, sauces, and marinades. Sometimes called "the orangiest orange." 3–5'h 😤
- U063b Trifoliate Orange, Flying Dragon C. trifoliata— Twisted green branches with thorns. The fruit is sour and seedy, but can be used like a lemon. The hardiest citrus, it is also called Chicago-hardy and is rated for Zone 5, but it has been considered unlikely to survive the winter this far north. Unlike other citrus, it loses its leaves, so can be wintered in a cold basement or a garage. 😤

#### U064 Crapemyrtle (NEW)

#### Lagerstroemia indica Center Stage Red

Bright red flowers on dark purple stems with black foliage. Upright, blooms on new wood, and rarely needs pruning. Not for indoor growing, it should only be brought into a basement after it defoliates and goes dormant. Do not start indoors in the spring. Susceptible to fungal issues if grown indoors. Does not \$15.00—5.25" pot tolerate wet feet. 6-12'h

#### U065 Date, Miniature Phoenix roebelenii Cascading panicles of creamy white flowers produce half-inch edible fruits. Palm leaves 24-40" long with about a hundred 4-6" leaflets. Excellent as an ornamental potted plant. Slow-growing, it requires minimal \$12.00-4" pot

#### U066 Desert Rose Adenium obesum

Fleshy leaves and trumpet-shaped 2" pink flowers. The species name *obesum* refers to the swollen base of the plant. This native of the arid areas of Africa is excellent in pots. Can get big over time in a pot. 18–36"h $\bigcirc$ 

\$18.00—5" pot

#### U067 Dragon Fruit Selenicereus undatus

Dramatically showy 12" flowers have a white bell of inner petals with a large yellow center, and a greenish yellow starburst of pointed narrow 4–6" outer petals. They bloom at night with a sweet fragrance for attracting pollinators like bats and moths. Neon pink 3–5" fruit looks like a dragon egg with green-tipped tentacles. The white interior is speckled throughout with tiny, crunchy black seeds. The taste resembles a mix of pear, kiwi, and watermelon. Climbing succulent with sprawling three-sided stems that will require support for aerial roots to cling to. Fast-growing, but can take several years to bloom or fruit. Also known as pitaya and other names such as strawberry pear, Honolulu queen, moonlight cactus, Cinderella plant, and belle of the night. Previously Hylocereus. 8–10'h ○● 🖟 🖑 – 🏶 🈤 \$19.00-4" pot

#### **Foxglove, Fire** × Digiplexis

A hybrid between the foxglove you know and the Canary Islands foxglove. Spires of bell-shaped flowers from spring through fall because they cannot produce seeds. Incredible as a cut flower. Over-winter dry in the basement. Deer- and gopher-resistant. 24–36"h O\*\*\* \*

U068 Illumination Berry Canary—Raspberry-pink flowers with creamy yellow, burgundy-speckled

#### U073 Mulberry, Pakistan NEW Morus macroura

These red to purple-black 3-4" berries are popular throughout the Middle East and Central Asia. Sweettart taste like raspberries or blackberries but a bit citrusy. Fast-growing and self-fruitful, the tree will produce summer fruits in a couple years when overwintered indoors. Shiny, heart-shaped 6" leaves. Also known as Himalayan black mulberry, Tibetan mulberry, and long mulberry. Limited availability. 6–8'h 🔾

\$49.00—5.25" pot

## Orchid, Chinese Ground Bletilla striata

One of the easiest terrestrial orchids to grow and possibly hardy in Zone 5. To try over-wintering outside, apply a good organic mulch in the late autumn. Or lift the bulbs and store them dry in a frost-free place for planting in spring, no more than 4" deep in the soil. Also called hyacinth orchid.  $\bigcirc$ 

- U074 Alba (E)—Clusters of nodding white 1" flowers in late spring for two to three weeks. Rippled pouch is marked with purple. Pleated, upright leaves. 12-24"h \$12.00-4" pot U075 Pink—Stems rise above clumps of pleated leaves,
  - each adorned with multiple 2" pink-purple flowers that resemble small cattleya orchid \$19.00-4" pot flowers. 12-18"h

#### U076 Orchid Cactus Epiphyllum

An assortment of fast-growing epiphyte varieties that somewhat resemble a Christmas cactus. Huge flowers emerge from the flattened, succulent leaf-like structures from sundown to sunup in late spring or early summer. Large specimens can produce several flushes of flowers in a season. Resist temptation to overwater. \$26.00—1 gal. ❶∛⊮

#### U077 Porterweed, Blue

#### Stachytarpheta cayennensis

Tiny flat-faced flowers on tall spikes over textured foliage from summer to frost. An excellent nectar source. At the end of season, branches brought indoors and kept in water will continue to bloom for weeks. The cuttings will develop roots and can be saved for next spring. Native to Mexico, the Caribbean, and South America. 24–36"h 🔾 \$16.00-5.25" pot

#### U078 Tea, Korean Camellia sinensis

A small evergreen tree, it is usually pruned to bush size and can be grown indoors. Lightly scented white flowers with yellow centers bloom in fall. The leaves of this plant are used to make tea, the most popular caffeinated drink in the world. From a mountainous region of South Korea, it is not hardy in Minnesota. 8–10'h ⊖ € ..... \$35.00—1 gal. pot

#### U079 Vanilla Orchid Vanilla planifolia Variegata

Climbing orchid vine that produces vanilla beans, the natural source for vanilla flavoring. Mature plants have greenish yellow flowers that last for one day. Hand-pollenize for bean production. Sap can cause dermatitis. 6–15'h 🖑 🛞 \$18.00-4" pot

#### Voodoo Lily

From the Himalayas and southern India.  $\mathbb{O} \oplus \mathbb{S}$ \$9.00—5.25" pot:

U080 Konjac Amorphophallus konjac—Tender bulb that sends a single mottled stalk up in spring, opening to multiple leaflets, like a miniature tree. After several years, the bulb reaches blooming size.



Orange



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lime-lemon flavor with a touch of spice and no bitterness in 2–3" yellow-green seedless fruit. Small, fragrant white flowers on mostly thornless branches. Will produce fruit when over-wintered in a sunny spot indoors. Takes pruning well. 8–12'h 🖉



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throats. \$15.00—1 gal. pot

U069 Illumination Flame Hot pink blossoms with yellow throats on densely packed stems.

\$29.00—1 gal. pot

#### **Jewel Orchid**

Rainforest terrestrial orchids grown for their patterned foliage. Consistently moist but not wet soil. Would love to be in a terrarium. Originally from Southeast Asia. 🗨 🖫

#### \$12.00—3" pot:

- U070 Black Ludisia discolor III —Dramatic black foliage marked with white stripes. Clusters of small white flowers bloom late fall to early winter indoors. Medium indirect light. 2–5"h 😤
- U071 Lightning Macodes petola Intricate veining on velvety near-black leaves. Half-inch reddish brown flowers. Bright indirect light. 3–5"h 兽

#### U072 Madagascar Palm (NEW) Pachypodium lamerei

Rosette of leaves on top of a gray trunk covered with sharp protective spines. Grows slowly, rarely blooms, and makes an easy houseplant. Pachypodium means "thick foot," because of its chunky stem that stores water. Native to Madagascar. 48–72"h 😤 🕼 😂 \$15.00-4" pot Then, a 36-48" reddish purple spathe with a protruding dark brown spadix rises, before the stalk and leaf appear. Not a houseplant, it should be planted in the garden or a large pot, then dug to keep the bulb dry and inside for the winter. Grown as a vegetable in Asia. Previously called tree of India. 36–54"h 🖑-

#### \$10.00—4" pot:

U081 Elephant Ear Typhonium giganteum—One of these plants has been popping up every July in a shady Northfield, Minnesota, garden since 2018 and is even multiplying. Last year its lone, arrowhead leaf emerged rolled lengthwise, then unfurled to 18" wide by 24" long. The 6-12" flower bloomed, too, similar to a Jack-in-the-pulpit flower, but its wavy-edged burgundy hood enclosed a purpleblack "Jack." The mother plant becomes surrounded by a crowd of one-leafed babies. Also known as Chinese Jack-in-the-pulpit. Syn. Sauromatum giganteum. 20"h