Shrubs & Trees

Key

- \bigcirc Full sun
- Part sun/part shade
- Shade

The Attractive to bees

- Audubon-endorsed
- W Butterfly-friendly
- Y Hummingbird-friendly
- Nattractive foliage
- [™]− Culinary
- A Edible flowers
- 🕃 Ground cover
- 😤 Houseplant
- 🚽 Medicinal
- Minnesota native
- 🕑 Rock garden
- Cold-sensitive: keep above 40°F
- Toxic to humans Saturday restock

Arborvitae



Buttonbush

See Fruit & Nuts, page 45, for a note about hardiness

S001 Abelia, Fragrant

Abelia mosanensis Sweet Emotion From Latvia, this hardy deciduous shrub has pink flowers with fragrance better than a lilac, late May through mid-June. Glossy foliage turns orange-red in fall. Deer- and rabbit-resistant. 5–6'h ○●₩ \$13.00—5.25" pot

Arborvitae Thuja occidentalis

Wonderful evergreens that are tolerant of clay soil, air pollution, and black walnuts. Protect from rabbits and deer in winter. Many cultivars are bred from our native Minnesota tree. \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc

Fairy Lights—Flat sprays of yellow spring foliage become gold-tipped for summer, then green for winter. Narrow columnar shape. 10-12'h by 2-3'w

S002 **\$7.00—3"** deep pot

S003 \$34.00-8" pot

- \$7.00—3" deep pot:
- S004 **Sherwood Moss**—Dense and irregularly conical. Grows up to 12" per year. Bronzy in winter. 4-6'h
- \$14.00—5.25" pot:
- S007 Anna's Magic Ball—Gold charmer that forms a neat globe. 1'h
- S008 Fluffy T. plicata—Bright yellow new growth maintains its color through winter. Burn-resistant. Tear-drop shape matures to pyramidal. 5-10'h by 3-6'w
- S009 **Sting (E)**—Sting takes the columnar shape to the extreme! If you need a skinny plant for a narrow space, look no further. Great accent plant. 15-20'h by 1-1.5'w

\$34.00—2 gal. pot:

- S010 **DeGroot's Spire**—Narrow, upright tree with fine-textured, twisty foliage. Makes a good hedge grouped or a vertical accent all by itself. Grows slowly. 8–10'h by 3'w
- S011 **Rushmore**—Dark green, upright, and highly resistant to winter burn. Makes an excellent hedge. Bred in South Dakota. 12-15'h by 5-7'w

S012 Aspen, Quaking Populus tremuloides

Creates some of the best wildlife habitats in the temperate world. The classic trembling leaves on narrow, conical trees. Wonderful spring fragrance as the leaf buds open. Golden fall foliage. Fast-growing and spreading by underground roots. Wright County, Minn., source 40–50'h by 20–30'w ○♣ 🖸

\$15.00—3.5" deep pot

Azalea, Lights Rhododendron Mid- to late-spring flowers. This hybrid azalea series

was a breakthrough developed at the U of M, with flower buds hardy to -35°F. Deciduous. Acidic soil. 00**33

\$39.00—3 gal. pot:

- S013 Mandarin Lights—Bright orange-red, lightly scented flowers. 4–5'h
- S014 Rosy Lights—Extra-fragrant dark pink flowers with rose red contrasts. 4'h
- S015 White Lights—Pale pink buds open to fragrant 2" white flowers with a touch of pink. 4–5'h

SOI6 Beauty Bush

Kolkwitzia amabalis Jolene Jolene

Abundant flowers on a compact, adaptable, and care-free shrub. Small pink bells with yellow centers line arching stems in spring. Foliage changes from orange-copper through gold to lime green in summer, then gold and orange for fall. Requires filtered to partial shade. Prune after blooming, if needed. Peeling bark provides winter interest. 3–6'h ○●&₩ \$13.00-5.25" pot

Beautyberry Callicarpa

Grown for its round, iridescent lilac-violet berries in large clusters along arching branches in September and October. Loved by birds and flower-arrangers. Planting more than one encourages more berries. ○ 🎄 💥

\$9.00—1 quart pot:

S017 **Purple** *C. dichotoma*—White to light pink flowers in summer, berries in fall, and yellow autumn foliage. May die back to the ground in winter. From China, Korea, and Japan. 3–4'h

\$14.00—5.25" pot:

S018 **Pearl Glam**—Purple foliage and white flowers in summer, but the wait-for-it moment is its fall display of near-neon purple-magenta berries. Reliable in Minnesota, though it dies back to the ground like a perennial, blooming and fruiting on new wood the following season. 4-5'h by 3-4'w

S019 **Birch, Dwarf** Betula × plettkei Cesky Gold

Red-orange leaves herald the arrival of spring, then welcome summer by turning yellow. Multi-stemmed to form a low mound, or can be trimmed to form a small hedge or miniature patio tree. Slow-growing. Excellent for bonsai, beautiful in summer pots, and realistic as a miniature weeping willow for miniature gardens and model railroads. Or just use it wherever you need its delicate, lacy, feathery texture. 2–4'h $\bigcirc \mathbb{C}$ \$12.00—4" deep pot

S020 Bladdernut Staphylea trifolia

Understory tree with down-facing clusters of bell-shaped white flowers in mid-May, giving way to papery, inflated 2" brown seed pods. In fall, the ripened seeds inside the pods rattle in the wind. Pods persist into winter and are good for dried flower arrangements. Seeds can be collected in fall and eaten raw or cooked. Suckering clumps can form colonies. Wright County, Minn., source. 10–15'h ●● 💥 🖑 – 🖸 \$13.00—3.5" deep pot

S022 Blue Beech

Carpinus caroliniana Wisconsin Red Corrugated blue-green leaves with serrated edges change to red, scarlet, and orange in fall. This selection from a Wisconsin breeder has its best color in full sun. The catkins and fruits look a little like dangling Japanese pagodas-first green, then becoming yellowish brown in clusters of three-winged nutlets. The smooth greenish gray trunk eventually becomes fluted with age and seems to have muscles. A great native tree that grows well in heavy soil and lower light conditions. Tolerant of most soils. Grows very slowly. Also known as musclewood. 15-20'h by 10-15'w ○●●為争

\$33.00-2 gal. pot

Bring your own wagon...you'll be glad you did!

icled Hydrangea paniculata

We accept checks, cash, Amex, Visa, MasterCard, Discover, and Apple Pay

Note: Plants in the Shrubs & Trees section are grown primarily as ornamental or for wildlife value, though they may have edible parts (marked with -). Plants in Fruit & Nuts are grown primarily for their edible properties, though they may also be ornamental.

S023 Boxwood

$Buxus \times$ 'Glencoe' Chicagoland Green

A hybrid from the Chicago Botanical Garden selected for its rounded shape, compactness, and cold hardiness. This is the evergreen shrub you see trimmed to flat-edged hedges in formal gardens and labyrinths. Small, shiny oval leaves. Can be kept much smaller by pruning. Best sited in winter shade to avoid burning in winter. 3–4'h ○ € 🕄 \$9.00—4" deep pot

Bush Honeysuckle Diervilla lonicera

Excellent for massing and erosion control because it colonizes, tolerating most soils. Small yellow flowers bloom all summer. Best leaf color in sun. Attracts multiple pollinators. Deer-resistant. ○●▲₩

\$11.00-2.5" deep pot:

S024 Wild Bush Honeysuckle—St. Louis County, Minn., source. 4'h 🍾 🗋

\$14.00—5.25" pot:

S025 Kodiak Red 2.0 (III) — An improved Kodiak Red with burgundy foliage in spring, bright red foliage in fall, and pops of red throughout the season. A low-care plant for difficult places. 3–4'h 🎕

Buttonbush Cephalanthus occidentalis

Attractive shrub with 1–2" honey-scented white flower clusters. Upright, arching branches and glossy leaves. Good for moist soils, even standing water. $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigstar \boxtimes \checkmark$

\$15.00—5.25" pot:

- S026 Sugar Shack—Long prized as a Minnesota native shrub, this down-sized selection is perfect for gardens. Fragrant spiky spheres in early summer and reddish round fruit in early fall. 4-5'h
- S027 Wild Buttonbush @—Long bloom time as green balls transform into showy midsummer spherical fireworks. Fall seed heads are red, subsiding to brown as they persist into winter. Mason County, Mich., source. 10–15'h 🕅

Cardinal Bush Weigela florida

Popular shrub grown for its arching branches full of funnel-shaped flowers. Late spring hummingbird attractor. Easy maintenance. 🔾 🕸 🍸

\$14.00—5.25" pot:

- S028 **Czechmark Trilogy**—Flowers start out white, flow to pink, and deepen to red, all three at once on the plant. Bred in the Czech Republic, and noted for hardiness and extra-large flowers. 3-3.5'h
- S029 Midnight Sun—Looking for fall leaf color even in the summer? Then this plant is for you! Red, orange, yellow, and green foliage early summer to fall. Small pink flowers. 1–1.5'h 🎕
- \$030 **Spilled Wine**—Wavy dark red leaves complement the hot pink-magenta flowers in spring and fall. 2'h by 3-4'w
- S031 Wine and Spirits—Bright white flowers emerge from light green buds, then shine against deep burgundy leaves. Mounded. 3-5'h

Hydrangea 👓 🛚 Hydrangea macrophylla

Mophead continued

Large, showy flower clusters are pink unless you acidify the soil, which turns them to lavender or purple. Blooms on old and new wood, so there will still be flowers later in the summer even after severe winters. Water daily when first planted. Protect from deer.

\$16.00—5.25" pot:

- S056 Let's Dance Lovable NEW—Vivid pink or blue-purple flowers, depending on soil acidity, with a blue eye. Strong rebloomer and a size that fits nicely in your garden. Glossy leaves turn burgundy in the fall. 3–4'h
- S057 Let's Dance Sky View H. macrophylla × serrata—Heavy show of large flowers emerge pale pink to lavender blue with a pale green eye, then lose the green eye with age. Blooms summer–early fall. Good for summer containers. 2-3'h by 2-4'w
- S058 Wee Bit Giddy—Covered in big, flattened clusters of flowers, each flower is a saturated rosy red or deep purple-violet, depending on acidity, with a bright lime green center. 2'h by 3'w

\$36.00—2 gal. pot:

S059 Cherry Explosion—Cherry pink florets surround a cluster of small, star-shaped light pink flowers (lavender in acidic soils) June-September. Burgundy fall foliage. 3–4'h

Mountain Hydrangea serrata

Delicate, reblooming lace cap flowers are pink (or blue in acidic soil). Only prune soon after first blooming.

\$16.00—5.25" pot: S060 Tiny Tuff Stuff—Light pink flowers, or maybe lavender blue even without acidification. 2'h S061 Tuff Stuff Ah-Ha—Flower clusters the size of dinner plates starting in early summer. Its double light pink flowers have pointed petals that mature to deep pink. 2–3'h

S062 Tuff Stuff Top Fun—Blooms heavily with pink or lavender pink flowers summer-fall. Burgundy fall foliage. 2–3'h

Showy, conical flower clusters on arching branches that drape gracefully. Because it blooms on new wood, there are flowers even after the harshest winters. If needed, prune late winter to early spring. Flower color is not affected by soil acidity. 🖄

\$16.00—5.25" pot:

S063 Fire Light Tidbit—Covered with big green-tinged white flower clusters in summer which age to pink, then red. Brightly colored foliage in fall. Neatly mounded. 2-3'h

S064 Little Lime Punch— Egg-shaped flower clusters emerge lime green but change to white, then pink, then red from the bottom of the cluster up so that all colors are present at the same time. Summer bloom. 3–5'h

Panicled continued

\$16.00—5.25" pot (continued): S065 Pinky Winky Prime New —White

14-18" flower clusters gradually change to deep pink, starting at the base and moving to the tip, showing both colors in the middle of the transition. All three stages can appear on the plant at the same time. Blooms summer-fall. 6–9'h

S066 **Puffer Fish**—Covered in large clusters of fluffy white flowers that age to lime green with a new tuft of white flowers at the cluster tips. 3.5'h

S067 Snowball

Hydrangea arborescens Incrediball Blush

Huge, flattened clusters of light to medium pink flowers in summer change to green with age. Sturdy stems mean no flopping. Flower color is not affected by soil acidity. Good for dried arrangements or winter displays. Prune before growth starts in spring for a shapely plant and larger flowers. 4-5'h \$16.00—5.25" pot

See also HYDRANGEA, CLIMBING, page 43

Mountain hydrangea

About those

Throughout this section,

you will notice trees and

shrubs that are marked

with four or five stars

(********). These plants

Lonnee, Rose, Selinger,

2011 edition of Growing

Shrubs and Small Trees in

Cold Climates as some of

the very best plants avail-

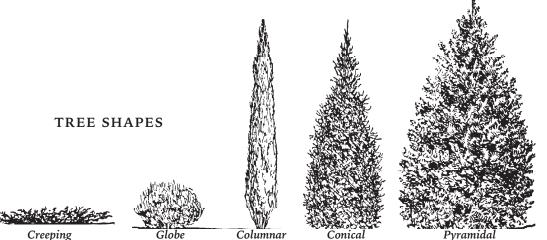
have been noted by

and Whitman in the

able on the market.

stars...

Shrubs & Trees



Cardinal Bush continued

\$15.00—5.25" pot:

S032 Sonic Bloom Pink III –Hot pink buds open to rich pink flowers, reblooming in waves until frost. Compact mound that rarely needs pruning, but can be pruned right after the first bloom. 4–5'h

S033 Cherry, Black Prunus serotina

Distinct, attractive bark and beautiful white flower clusters in late spring. Prolific fruit producers, but highly variable in taste depending on the individual tree, growing conditions, and growing season. Small fruits are well suited for processing. Thrives in welldrained soil. Important food source for birds. Bark and leaves are toxic if ingested. Crushed leaves have a distinct cherry aroma. Yellow to red fall color. Seed source Sherburne County, Minn. 50-80'h by 30-60'w 00**** \$11.00-2.5" deep pot

Chokeberry, Black Aronia melanocarpa

White flowers with yellow to pink centers in spring and clusters of showy purple-black fruit from September through winter. Foliage turns brilliant red in fall. Berries are high in antioxidants; good for tart juice and jelly. Thrives in almost any soil.

○❶≱≇₩₩

\$11.00-2.5" deep pot:

S034 Wild Black Chokeberry—Upright and vaseshaped. Can be used for a native hedge, in rain gardens, or in naturalized areas. Prune, if necessary, in late winter. St. Louis County, Minn., source. 6–8'h by 5'w [?

\$15.00—5.25" pot:

S035 Ground Hug—Tidy ground cover mat for slopes or hard-to-reach places. Selection of the native plant. 1'h by 3'w 🕸

S036 Chokecherry Prunus virginiana

Long clusters of white blossoms are followed by red fruit, ripening to dark black-purple. In spite of the name, the fruit makes excellent jam or syrup. Can be grown as a dense hedge. Good in most soils. Sherburne County, Minn., source. 20'h by 6'w ○▲♠₩₩-□ \$11.00-2.5" deep pot

Crabapple, Columnar Malus × adstringens Beautiful spring flowers are followed by dangling, clustered fruits that soften into the winter, providing food for cedar waxwings and other birds. Slow-growing columnar trees with good disease resistance. Slender shape suitable for small gardens, narrow spaces, and city locations. Supply limited. 15–20'h by 6'w $\bigcirc \clubsuit$

\$99.00—5 gal. pot:

S037 Emerald Spire—Fragrant fuchsia-pink blossoms.

Shrub and tree widths are similar to their heights unless noted otherwise.

Forsythia Forsythia

The classic spring-blooming shrub with yellow flowers lining arched branches in April. Named for the Scottish botanist William Forsyth, who was the superintendent of Kensington Gardens in London and a founder of the Royal Horticultural Society. Deer-resistant. $\bigcirc \bigcirc$

\$14.00—5.25" pot:

S050 Show Off Sugar Baby—Deep yellow flowers from base to tip of the branches bloom in early spring. Easy to grow, tolerating any pH, clay soil, and air pollution. Drought-tolerant once established and seldom needs pruning. 2-3'h by 1.5-2.5'w

\$31.00—3 gal. pot:

S051 Northern Gold—Developed in Canada, this variety is among the hardiest of this classic yellow harbinger of spring. 6-8'h

S052 Fringetree, White

Chionanthus virginicus

Slow-growing U.S. native that is especially beautiful in spring when profuse white flowers appear before the foliage. Blue-black fruit may follow in the summer. Yellow fall color. 6-8'h \bigcirc \bigcirc s\$29.00—1 gal. pot

Ginkgo Ginkgo biloba

Fan-shaped leaves turn brilliant gold in fall. Often called a fossil tree, since it is the last of its kind. 0048

S053a **Tree-Form**—An excellent urban tree, tolerating deer and air pollution. 50-75'h

\$9.00—1 gal. pot

S053b Mariken—Shrubby dwarf variety, suitable for small gardens or even for bonsai. Spreading, somewhat weeping shape. Very slow growth, about 3–6" a year. This variety produces no \$99.00—2 gal. pot (smelly) fruit. 2-3'h

S054 Hemlock, Eastern Tsuga canadensis

Pyramidal evergreen that likes part shade, with a trunk 2–3' in diameter. The bark is cinnamon brown with deep ridges and furrows. Graceful flat foliage sprays with pendant cones that are among the smallest of all. A popular landscape tree. Best in moist soil and with winter protection from rabbits. Horticultural source. 40–70'h by 25–35'w ●€ \$37.00—3 gal. pot

Hydrangea see box, page 48

S068 Ironwood Ostrya virginiana

Branches are broadly horizontal and leaves are oval, sharply serrated, with yellow fall color. Catkin flowers are followed by drooping clusters of seed-bearing pods resembling hops. Gray brown bark. A tough native hardwood and excellent urban tree, resistant to many disease and insect problems. It can serve as a specimen or understory tree. Also known as American hop hornbeam. Seed from Sherburne County, Minn. 30'h \$11.00-2.5" deep pot 0000

S071 Juniper Juniperus communis Tortuga

Mound of jade evergreen foliage on a deer-resistant landscape shrub. Easy to grow, withstanding cold, heat, drought, road salt, and air pollution. In Spanish, "tortuga" means "turtle." 2'h by 2–4'w O

\$14.00-5.25" pot S072 Juniper, Upright NEW Juniperus scopulorum Skyrocket

Bring a little Tuscany to Minnesota. Very tall and very thin, with upright gray-green foliage, good for hedging or accent. Fast-growing and easy to grow, withstanding cold, heat, drought, road salt, and air pollution. Deer-



Chokeberry



Juniper



Dogwood, Red Twig Cornus sericea

A northern classic, great for winter interest with its red branches. Youngest twigs are the brightest, so pruning branches thicker than your thumb in March keeps

\$11.00—2.5" deep pot:

green leaves. Rounded shape. St. Louis County, Minn., source. 8–10'h 🖄 🈭 🗋

- S043 **Arctic Fire**—Compact with four-season interest. Clusters of small white flowers in spring, followed by burgundy berries in summer, red leaves in fall, and intensely red twigs in winter. 3-4'h
- S044 Arctic Fire Yellow—Clusters of small white flowers in the spring, followed by white berries in the summer, red leaves in fall, and intensely yellow twigs in the winter. 4-5'h

Elderberry Sambucus

Excellent foliage plants stand out in the landscape. Cutting to the ground in spring helps improve shape, but because the plants bloom on old wood, pruning in spring means no flowers or fruit. Leaves and stems are poisonous, but not the berries, which are good for wildlife. Deer-resistant. 🔿 🕀 🖑 –

\$15.00—5.25" pot:

- S045 Black Lace S. nigra—Intense purple-black foliage is finely lobed, giving it an effect similar to Japanese maple. Pink spring flowers are followed by blackish red fall berries that can be harvested or left on the plant to attract birds and wildlife. Full sun for best color. Can be pruned back for more formal settings. 6–8'h 為₩₫
- S046 **Laced Up** *S. nigra*—Lacy near-black foliage for three seasons. Fuzzy pink flowers in early summer on a narrowly upright plant. If another variety is nearby (like Black Lace), it will produce black fruits. Light citrusy floral scent. 6–10'h by 3–5'w
- S047 Lemony Lace S. racemosa—Very deeply lobed chartreuse leaves with red-tinged new growth. Small white flowers in spring produce red fruit in fall (consumption not recommended of this species). Looks like a trunkless Japanese maple

S041 Dogwood, Pagoda Cornus alternifolia

small blue-black berries that add considerable color in summer as they mature and are much appreciated by songbirds. Best in filtered shade and moist soil, but great deep burgundy fall color in sunny spots. Shortlived for a shrub; self-seeds. Horticultural seed source.

winter color vibrant. $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$

S042 Wild Red Twig Dogwood—White flowers and

\$13.00—5.25" pot:

very hardy, from the Canadian prairie. Dolgo crab rootstock.

S038 Purple Spire—Sparse, fragrant pink flowers in spring, then dark magenta fruit in early fall. Bronzy purple foliage. Tolerates air pollution. Fireblight-resistant. 💐

S039 Cranberry, American Highbush Viburnum trilobum

Rounded native shrub with lacecap white flowers in spring, clusters of red berries in fall that may persist into winter. Flowers are good for butterflies, while the berries are excellent winter food for wildlife. When ripe, berries are edible in moderation, raw or cooked. Good for jams, jellies. Purple-red fall foliage. Unrelated to commercial cranberries (Vaccinium). Seed from St. Louis County, Minn. 8–12'h ○●♥♡

\$11.00-2.5" deep pot

S040 Cypress, False

Chamaecyparis pisifera Soft Serve Gold

Stays golden all year. Pyramidal shape. Slow-growing, ferny evergreen. Deer-resistant. 6-10'h by 5-6'w \$13.00—5.25" pot 0030

with its airy fine-textured foliage. 3–5'h 🕲

S048 Elderberry, Red-Berried Sambucus racemosa

Native shrub with tiny white flowers in spring, bright red berries in July and August. Seeds, roots, stems, and foliage are poisonous, and the fruit is unpalatable when raw. Good for wine and wildlife. Seed from St. Louis County, Minn. 3–9'h ●●₩₩₩₽₽℃ 😂 \$11.00-2.5" deep pot

S049 Flowering Almond NEW

Prunus glandulosa Rosea Plena

Puffy pink pompoms cluster along slender bare stems in spring. One of Thomas Jefferson's favorites at Monticello. Does not produce edible nuts. Prune hard after bloom (even before the foliage is out) to increase next year's flowers. 4–5'h ○ 🌋 💥 😂 \$29.00—3 gal. pot

BYO Crates, Boxes, Bins

Enter to win prizes*-1 free ticket each container See a Welcome Ambassador or visit the Zero Waste Tent in the Garden Fair to enter. *Details on page 29 resistant. Cultivar of a West Coast native evergreen. 15–20'h by 2–3'w ○ \$35.00—2 gal. pot



SUPERIOR STOCKED STOCKED

Buy a Friends School Plant Sale T-Shirt

Available only through pre-purchase at Branding Wearhouse You can scan the QR code above or go to friendsschoolmn.brandingweart and buy the t-shirt at the Friends School of Minnesota web store

Shrubs & Trees

Key

- Full sun ● Part sun/part shade
- Shade

Attractive to bees

- Audubon-endorsed
- W Butterfly-friendly
- Y Hummingbird-friendly

Attractive foliage

- **₩** Culinary
- A Edible flowers
- 🕃 Ground cover
- 😤 Houseplant
- 🛃 Medicinal
- Minnesota native
- 🕑 Rock garden
- **ℰ** Cold-sensitive: keep above 40°F
- Toxic to humans
- 🕮 Saturday restock



Watch for the birdie!



Plants marked with the bird icon are endorsed by the Audubon Society as providing food and habitat for birds. www.audubon.org/ native-plants

S073 Katsura Cercidiphyllum japonicum

Beautiful heart-shaped foliage emerges red and changes to bluish green in summer, followed by apricot orange fall color. Oval shape. Fall leaves have a sweet, cotton candy aroma. 40'h \bigcirc **\$29.00—3** gal. pot

Korean Spicebush Viburnum carlesii

The dense flower heads, up to 3" across, are light pink changing to white with outstanding vanilla fragrance. Colorful berries if a different Korean spicebush variety is nearby to pollenize. Burgundy fall color. Deerresistant. $\bigcirc \bigcirc$

\$15.00—5.25" pot:

- S074a **Spice Baby**—At last, a compact variety for small spaces that keeps all the charm of larger ones. Red spring buds followed by light pink to white flowers. Red berries. 3.5–5'h
- S074b Spice Girl—Vigorous grower with blush white flowers. Red berries in fall. 6–7'h

Lilac Syringa

Nothing says spring in Minnesota like fragrant lilacs. Prune flower clusters as needed immediately after blooming. Long-lived and easy to grow. Deer-resistant. 0**

\$14.00—1 gal. pot:

S075 Late-Blooming S. villosa—Buds open several weeks later than common lilac, with abundant rosy lavender clusters up to 8" long and sweetly fragrant. 6-12'h

\$14.00—5.25" pot:

S076 Baby Kim—This smallest lilac grows in a neat mound. Purple buds become lavender and light lavender flowers. 2–3'h

\$16.00—5.25" pot:

- S077 Bloomerang Dark Purple—Compact, reblooming lilac produces purple-pink flowers from deep purple buds in spring and, after a rest period during the heat of summer, blooms again. It comes back, as its name says. Deer-resistant. Good fragrance and mildew resistance. 3-4'h
- S078 **Bloomerang Purpink** *S*. × *pubescens*—One of the most prolific rebloomers, with pink, purple, and purple-pink flowers all at once. Vigorous but compact. Mildew-resistant. 3–5'h by 2–3'w
- S079 **Scentara Double Blue** *S*. × *hyacinthiflora*—Early bloomer with lush, fully double blue-lavender flowers. Bred for fragrance. Compact and rounded, with good resistance to mildew. 6-8'h

\$28.00—2 gal. pot:

- S080 Donald Wyman S. prestoniae—Purple-lavender buds open to reddish lavender flowers on large pyramidal spikes two weeks later than common lilac. Non-suckering. ★★★★ 8–10'h
- S081 Sensation S. vulgaris—Large trusses of very showy purplish-red florets, each sharply edged in white in late May. Very hardy hybrid of the common lilac. 8–15'h by 6–12'w
- S082 Variegated S. vulgaris 'Aucubaefolia' (ED)-Gold variegated leaves contrast nicely with the lavender to light blue flowers. Forms an upright, rounded shape at maturity. The variety name is a reference to how similar the leaves are to the speckled Japanese laurel, Aucuba japonica. 8-10'h

S084 Magnolia Magnolia Sunsation

Yellow 6" flowers have a rosy pink blush towards the base. Blooms a bit later than other magnolias, saving the buds from the risk of late frosts. Pyramidal shape. These northern-hardy magnolias need rich, welldrained soil. Leaves emerge after flowers fade. Water frequently in hot, dry weather. By Roy G. Klehm of

S085 Magnolia, Umbrella Magnolia tripetala

Most magnolias are treasured for their spring flowers, but this unusual collector's plant is grown for its tropical-looking 24" leaves clustered at the branch tips, giving an umbrella effect. Creamy white 6–10" flowers open after the leaves in late spring, followed by red, knobby fruits. Best used in a semi-shady woodland garden. Native to moist woodlands in the eastern U.S. but it can also be found at the U of M Landscape Arboretum. Seedling plants (own root). 15-40'h \$25.00—3.5" deep pot ○❶拳

S086 Maple, Japanese

Acer palmatum Atropurpureum

Red to red-purple leaves turn bright red in fall. Exquisite in both color and shape, this ornamental is great in a large summer pot or as a focal point in the garden. Protect from winter wind and sun for outdoor success in Minnesota, or bring indoors. 15-20'h \$16.00—3.5" deep pot OOB\$25.00—1 gal. pot

S087 **Maple, Korean** Acer pseudosieboldianum

Elegant tree that resembles the coveted Japanese maple, but is reliably hardy here. Multi-stemmed with fingered leaves in vibrant shades of yellow, orange, and red in fall. Attractive clusters of small greenish white flowers with burgundy bracts. Moist soil. $\star \star \star \star$ \$15.00—3" deep pot 15–25'h by 15'w ○☺

S088 Mockorange

Philadelphus coronarius Illuminati Spice Double white flowers in late spring. Bred specifically for showy flower display and enhanced fragrance. Blooms on old wood. The common name refers to the captivating citrus fragrance of the flowers. Makes a good, low-maintenance hedge. Its Latin name means "brotherly love." 4'h \bigcirc \bigcirc \$14.00—5.25" pot

S089 Mulberry, Contorted NEW Morus Unryu

A landscape focal point with its twisting, zigzag branching best seen in winter. Inconspicuous catkins April-June make small, sparse purple fruits July-September good for jams, pies, and fresh eating. Bright yellow fall color. Wind-pollinated and self-fruitful. The variety name means "cloud dragon" and comes from its Japanese name, referring to a dragon's undulating form as it ascends. Prune to 8–15'h. ○

\$39.00—1 gal. pot

S090 Nannyberry Viburnum lentago

Showy white flower clusters are followed by dark bluish-black edible berries. Dark glossy green foliage turns brilliant red in fall. These have been pruned to treeform for an unusual look in this native plant. St. Louis County, Minn., source. 13'h ○●♣₩℃ \$11.00—2.5" deep pot

Ninebark Physocarpus opulifolius

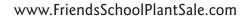
Maple-like leaves on arching stems. A shrub for yearround interest, including peeling strips of bark in winter. Blooms June-July, followed by interesting seed pods. Best with protection from the hottest sun. A Minnesota native shrub with many cultivars. 5–6'h $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$

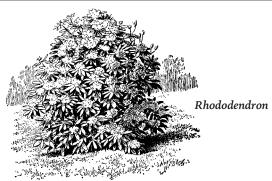
\$15.00—5.25" pot:

- S091 Ginger Wine—Spring leaves emerge orange and turn burgundy. Clusters of white flowers open from deep pink buds. Red seed heads.
- S092 **Summer Wine Black**—Dark purple-black foliage with pink-tinged white flowers. Dramatic accent plant.

S093 Oak, Bur Quercus macrocarpa

Known for its wide, open crown and massive trunk. Its





Rhododendrons and azaleas **need acid soil**. Rhododendrons keep their leaves in winter. Azaleas do not. Mulch to protect their shallow roots from drying.

S096 Redwood, Dawn

Metasequoia glyptostroboides

Ancient deciduous conifer with a narrow conical shape. Trunk is straight, grooved, and gets broader at the base with age. Soft, fern-like foliage turns copper-red in fall. Now only found in the wild in central China, but fossils suggest it was widespread in the Northern Hemisphere 50 million years ago. An excellent urban landscape tree, tolerant of air pollution, standing water, and clay soil. May be marginally hardy here. 30'h by 10'w ○● \$15.00—1 gal. pot

Rhododendron Rhododendron

Early-blooming shrubs with evergreen leaves. Acidic soil. 🔿 🕀 😂

\$15.00—5.25" pot:

- S097 **Black Hat**—Dark purple foliage and a much longer bloom period make this an improvement on the standard hardy rhododendron, with the same glorious rose-violet flowers. 3'h
- S098 Dandy Man Color Wheel—First bright red buds, then ruffly blossoms with light pink uppers, deep pink undersides. Blossoms later turn pure white, all colors present at the same time. Good heat resistance. 4-8'h
- S099 **Dandy Man Purple**—Lush deep purple blossoms. Good heat tolerance. Formerly known as Handy Man Purple. 6-8'h

\$46.00—3 gal. pot:

\$100 Minnetonka—Violet-red buds in late spring followed by dense clusters of 3" light purple flowers with pale centers to early summer. Compact and rounded. 3-4'h by 4-5'w

SIOI Rhododendron, Finnish

Rhododendron hybrid Nova Zembla

The best red. Clusters of bright crimson trumpetshaped flowers with darker red centers. Blooms in late May. Grows slowly but can live for 40 years or more. More sun-tolerant than most rhododendrons. From the University of Helsinki, Finland, and tested at the U of M Landscape Arboretum, where they sometimes rebloom in the fall. The evergreen leaves are a shiny dark green on top and downy underneath. Needs well-drained, acidic soil. 5'h ① ③ \$46.00—3 gal. pot

Rose see box, page 51

SI3I Smokebush

Cotinus coggygria Winecraft Black

Purple leaves in spring darken to almost black in the summer and then welcome fall by turning red and orange. Rounded shape and relatively compact size make this a good plant for urban gardens. After the tiny June flowers have bloomed, their many filaments form showy pink 6–8" plumes of "smoke" through September. Open spreading shrub with oval leaves. 4–6'h ○ **●** \$16.00—5.25" pot

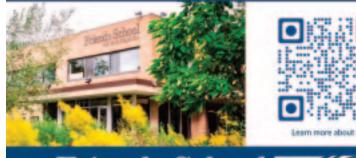
Snowberry Symphoricarpos

An upright, arching shrub that gradually forms a thicket by underground stems. Very hardy, adaptable, and easy. Branches with berries make an unusual cut "flower." Prune back to 12" in early spring for best fruit display. Deer-resistant.

Wisconsin. 25–30'h by 15–20'w $\bigcirc \bigcirc$

\$120.00—2 gal. pot

Thank You for Supporting Our School





large sweet acorns in their fringed cups are an important wildlife food and the tastiest acorn for people: roast the acorns like chestnuts. Grows from the savanna of southeastern Minnesota to its far north. Many moth species use oaks for larval food. So adaptable it's happy Alaska to Texas. Slow-growing, long-lived, and drought-resistant. Good drainage. Sherburne, Minn., source. 60-80'h ○ € ♣₩ [\$11.00-2.5" deep pot

Redbud, Minnesota Strain

Cercis canadensis

One of the first trees to bloom, in some years as early as mid-April. Showy bundles of half-inch blossoms cover its dark branches before it leafs out. It's like a swirling cloud of rosy pink floating above the multi-stemmed trunk. Heart-shaped leaves turn warm yellow in fall. This cultivar was selected for hardiness at the U of M Landscape Arboretum. $\star \star \star \star$ 20–30'h by 25–35'w ○● 🎄 🏶 \$094 **\$16.00—3.5**" deep pot S095 \$63.00-2 gal. pot

Redbud

0≉```

\$15.00-5.25" pot: SI32 Proud Berry—Clusters of

tiny pink-tinted white flowers in summer are followed by the real show: waxy pink half-inch berries that stay on the bare branches into winter, providing food for birds. 3–4'h

S133 Wild White Snowberry S.

albus -White berries in Snowberry fall. Good for erosion control. Dakota County, Minn., source. 3–6'h 🏶 🖸

BYO Crates, Boxes, Bins

Enter to win prizes*----1 free ticket each container

See a Welcome Ambassador or visit the Zero Waste Tent in the Garden Fair to enter.

*Details on page 29

Yew

We accept checks, cash, Amex, Visa,

MasterCard, Discover, and Apple Pay

Shrubs & Trees

SI35a Spruce, Bird's Nest

Picea abies nidiformis

Flat-topped with a hollow center, this spruce looks just like its name. Slow-growing and extremely hardy, this is a good choice for adding year-round structure to your garden. The lush, bright green branches will keep the garden looking alive all winter. Excellent for bonsai. 2–4'h by 4–6'w $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ \$20.00—1 gal. pot

S135b Stewartia Stewartia pseudocamellia

Lovely camellia-like white flowers. Reddish orange fall color. Exfoliating bark for added interest in winter. A small, slow-maturing tree that can also be grown as a shorter multi-stemmed shrub. Use as a specimen plant or grow in a woodland setting, avoiding hot afternoon sun. 12-40 h \bigcirc \$25.00—1 gal. pot

S136 Sumac, Fragrant 🔊

Rhus aromatica Gro-Low

Glossy dark green foliage and superb orange-red fall color. Profuse tiny yellow flowers. Good for slopes. A low-maintenance ground cover that works well in all types of soil. Cultivar of a native Minnesota shrub. $\star\star\star\star$ 1-2'h \bigcirc R \$15.00—5.25" pot

SI37 Sumac, Staghorn

Rhus typhina Tiger Eyes

Gold variety of cutleaf staghorn sumac, a Minnesota native. New growth is bright chartreuse, quickly changing to yellow, both colors contrasting nicely with its rosy pink leaf stems. Fall color is yellow, orange, and intense scarlet. Colony-forming, with spreading underground roots, so it's good for natural screening and prevention of soil erosion. Give it enough room or plant with root barriers. Rated by the Xerces Society as "special value to native bees." Extra-hardy. 6–8'h $O \oplus$ \$33.00–2 gal. pot

SI38 Summersweet

Clethra alnifolia Hummingbird

Creamy white 4–6" flower spikes on a compact shrub. Blooms more abundantly than other varieties and suckers less. Fragrant bottlebrush flowers late summer to fall, with color and pollen when few other plants are in bloom. Multi-stemmed, round plants with deep green leaves turning yellow in fall. Seed heads provide winter interest and food for birds. Likes damp feet and acidic soil. Can tolerate full shade. Will sucker. 3–4'h by 4–5'w $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigstar$ \$20.00—8" pot

S139 Sweetfern Comptonia peregrina

Fragrant deep green, fern-like foliage makes very nice tea. The flowers are catkins followed by fruits that look like green burs. Not a fern, despite the name. Grows well in sand and spreads if it likes the location. Windpollinated shrub that doesn't attract bees or butterflies, but it is an extremely popular host plant for a wide variety of caterpillars: geometer moths, miner moths, dagger moths, underwings, saturniid, hawk and sphinx moths. Horticultural source. 2–3'h by 4–6'w $O \bigoplus_{i=1}^{10} fi$ \$42.00—1 gal. pot

S140 Tamarack Larix laricina

Evergreen in appearance, but drops its needles in fall. Many kinds of wildlife use the tree for food and nesting. Tamarack is especially nice in October, when its needles turn yellow. Grows rapidly. Very intolerant of shade but does well in both wetland and upland situations. Native to most of northern North America, including Minnesota. St. Louis County, Minn. source. $45'h \bigcirc \textcircled{m}$ $\pounds 11.00-2.5''$ deep pot

SI4Ia Willow, Dappled

Salix integra Flamingo

Leaves are variegated with white all summer. Red stems in winter. Similar to Hakuro Nishiki, but more upright, with smaller leaves, and more red in the branches and new growth. Showy white, green, and pink foliage makes the tree look as though it's in bloom in spring. Can be trained to a standard to make a nice "lollipop" tree. 6-8'h \bigcirc \$24.00—2 gal. pot

S141b Willow, Japanese Fantail Salix Sekka

Yellow catkins bloom along dark red stems in spring before the foliage. Narrow, glossy, pointed leaves on a multi-stemmed shrub. Over time, branchlets darken and become flattened, ridged and contorted, excellent for winter interest and flower arrangements. Good rain garden plant, but protect from deer. $10-15'h \bigcirc \mathbb{O}$

\$19.00—1 gal. pot

S142 Willow, Scarlet Curls Salix × matsudana

Curly leaves and twisted golden branches with scarlet stems. Color intensifies after the first frost, so if you're looking for winter interest, this is the one. Popular at the Lake Harriet Peace Garden. 25-30'h $\bigcirc \&$ \$32.00—3 gal. pot

Winterberry Ilex verticillata

Upright, rounded, slow-growing shrubs with glossy dark foliage and white flowers. Good in foundation plantings and hedges. Excellent for wet soils. These are cultivars of a Minnesota native. Deer-resistant. Note: Both pollenizing and fruiting plants are needed to get the berries, but you need only one pollenizer for up to 20 plants. Plant within 40' for best fruit set. 3-4'h $\bigcirc \bigoplus$

\$14.00—5.25" pot:

- \$143 **Berry Poppins**—Upright shrub with heavy loads of red fruits that persist through winter.
- \$144 **Mr. Poppins**—A compact pollenizer with the same white flowers as the fruiting plant.

S145 Wintercreeper, Variegated

Euonymus Canadale Gold

Bright green leaves with a gold edge turn pink-red in cold weather. Colorful evergreen forms a dense mound. 4'h $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ \$8.00—2.5" pot

SI 46 Yew

 $Taxus \times media$ Stonehenge Dark Druid

Tight, round shrub that can be used like a boxwood, even in shade. A great landscape shrub that is adaptable and easy to grow. The best evergreen for shade. 3-4'h by 2.5-3'w $\bigcirc \odot$ \$14.00-5.25" pot



Stewartia

Roses Rosa 〇世-위설

All are on their own root and need full sun unless marked with the part sun symbol.

Climbing Roses

The upright canes of these roses can be trained to a

trellis or allowed to ramble or spill over a wall.

- \$102 Above and Beyond—This rose gives Minnesotans a new color choice in climbers. The orange flower buds open to apricot semi-double or double flowers with a mild spicy scent. Blooms mid- to late spring with occasional repeat flowers in summer. The canes have excellent hardiness. Developed by Dr. David Zlesak at the University of Wisconsin, River Falls. 10–14'h \$30.00–2 gal. pot
- \$103 John Cabot—Blooms from early summer until frost in a range of shades from orchid-pink to fuchsia-red. Orange hips. From the Canadian Explorer series. 5–9'h \$19.00—1 gal. pot
- S104 John Davis—Medium pink climber with red canes. Spicy scent. Repeat bloomer from the Canadian Explorer series. 6–8'h \$19.00—1 gal. pot
- \$105 Rise Up Amberness—Buttery amber-colored flowers bloom all summer without deadheading. Very fragrant. Can be pruned to be a shrub. 3–5'h by 2–3'w \$15.00—5.25" pot

Modern Shrub Roses

Modern shrub roses (which means varieties that

came into cultivation since 1867) are long-lived.

- \$106 At Last—Clusters of double flowers start out sunset pinkorange and become a paler shade. Continuous bloom with dead-heading. Fragrant and easy. 2.5–3'h
 - \$15.00—5.25" pot
- S107 Aurora Borealis—Clusters of coral pink flowers. Low-maintenance and Canada-bred, from the Vineland 49th Parallel program. 3'h \$19.00—1 gal. pot
- S108 **Campfire**—Ever-changing mixture of soft yellow and pink. Continuous bloomer from early summer until hard frost. 2–3'h \$19.00—1 gal. pot
- \$109 **Chinook Sunrise**—A new rose from the Vineland Research and Innovation Centre in Ontario with abundant flowers that start deep coral and get lighter as they open, ending a pale

- \$116 Morden Centennial—Clusters of fragrant, double, cupped 6" flowers in pure pink from summer into fall. Persistent large bright orange-red hips for winter visual interest. Vase-shaped. 3–4'h by 6'w \$19.00—1 gal. pot
- S117 **Never Alone**—Petite shrub rose from Morden, Manitoba. Full 2" flowers with wide magenta-red edges blending to white toward the center. Part of the sales goes to support cancer patients and their families. 2'h by 1'w

\$19.00—1 gal. pot

- \$118 Oscar Peterson—Semi-double white flowers punctuated by yellow stamens. Rebloomer. Great for the extreme north from the Canadian Artists series. 3'h \$19.00—1 gal. pot
- S119 Oso Easy En Fuego ⊕ Red and yellow buds blossom to electric orange flowers. Especially outstanding against the backdrop of glossy green foliage. Excellent disease resistance. 3–4'h
 \$15.00-5.25" pot
- \$120 **Oso Easy Italian Ice**—Orange buds open to yellow petals trimmed with pale pink. Has a nice mounded shape and blooms profusely with no need for deadheading. 1–3'h \$15.00—5.25" pot
- S121 Reminiscent Coral—Old-fashioned rose fragrance with modern hardiness. Masses of coral-pink petals around a copper center in a classic rose shape. Beautiful cut flowers. Blooms all summer without deadheading. 2–3.5'h \$15.00—5.25" pot
- S122 **Reminiscent Pink**—English romantic-style roses with classic fragrance and winter hardiness developed in Serbia and new to the U.S. market. Blooms all summer without deadheading. 3–4'h \$15.00—5.25" pot
- \$123 Yukon Sun—Yellow double flowers bloom continuously on this newest introduction from the Vineland 49th Parallel program in Canada. 3'h g \$19.00-1 gal. pot

Northern Accents Roses

A University of Minnesota series, not available for several years but now back in limited production. Blooms from late spring through fall in three to four flushes of clustered 1.5–2" flowers. Lightly fragrant and excellent for cutting. Foliage remains glossy all

Plant Sale gift certificates A GOOD MOTHERS DAY GIFT!

Purchase online at www.tinyurl.com/plant-sale-gift

Or send a check to Friends School, 1365 Englewood Avenue, Saint Paul, MN 55104 with the name and address of the recipient, and we will mail it directly to her!

pink. Repeat blooms in different stages for a kaleidescope of color. Very cold-hardy. 4-5'h \$32.00-2 gal. pot SIIO Drift, Popcorn—Double blossoms are warm yellow lightening to cream. Durable, compact, and repeat-blooming. Low and spreading, good for spilling down a slope. 1.5'h by 2.5'w 🕸 \$32.00—2 gal. pot SIII **Drift, Red**—Durable and repeat-blooming pinkish red. Low and spreading, good for spilling down a slope with long-blooming flowers. 1.5'h by 2.5'w \$32.00-2 gal. pot S112 Emily Carr-Semi-double dark red 3" flowers. Bushy, fastgrowing, and repeat-blooming. From the Canadian Artists series, it honors Emily Carr, an early 20th century Canadian painter who often chose Native American (Haida) subjects. \$19.00—1 gal. pot 3'h by 4'w SII3 Flavorette Honey Apricot—Bred for good eating and vigor, the lush peach-colored petals have a sweet fruity flavor. Use in salads, sweets, smoothies, or whatever else you can think of. Blooms through summer. From Serbia, this is the first in a planned series of edible roses. 3-4'h \$15.00-5.25" pot SII4 Flavorette Pear'd III –Semi-double pink flowers with a distinctive, light pear flavor and a lush, soft texture that's lovely to eat. Use in salads, sweets, smoothies, and more.

Blooms through summer. Second of the Flavorette series from Serbian breeders. 3–4'h \$15.00—5.25" pot \$115 Marmalade Dream—Peachy orange. Bred in Manitoba. 3'h \$19.00—1 gal. pot

season. Polyantha type. Prune in late winter. 3'h

\$39.00—2 gal. pot

\$124 **Lena**—White singles with blush pink edges, like large apple blossoms.

\$125 **Ole**—Ivory pink doubles turn to white.

\$126 Sigrid—Hot pink to dark magenta cupped doubles.

\$127 **Sven**—Violet pink semi-doubles reveal white at the center and yellow stamens.

Wild Roses

Early Wild *R. blanda*—Single pink 2–3" flowers, followed by red hips that persist into winter unless eaten by wildlife. Minnesota's most common native rose, blooming June and July. Nearly thornless stems may form large thickets over time. Host plant for the apple sphinx moth caterpillar. Also known as meadow rose and smooth rose. Sherburne County, Minn., source. 4–7'h by 1–2'w ○ ● 🎄 🛱

S128 \$11.00-2.5" deep pot

S129 \$19.00-1 gal. pot

S130 Prairie Wild R. arkansana—Highly scented single pink blossoms. The only Minnesota native rose that reblooms after its initial June flush of blossoms. Spreads. The state flower of Iowa and North Dakota. Sherburne County, Minn., source. 2'h ○ ① ▲ ② ① \$11.00—2.5" deep pot