

Shrubs and Trees

Key

- Full sun
- ◐ Part sun/part shade
- Shade
- 🌿 Attractive foliage
- 🐦 Bird food source
- 🦋 Butterfly-friendly
- ❄️ Cold-sensitive: keep above 40°
- 🍷 Culinary
- 🌸 Edible flowers
- 🌱 Ground cover
- 🐝 Hummingbird-friendly
- 🌿 Medicinal
- 🌳 Rock garden
- 🇺🇸 Minnesota native
- 🇺🇸 U.S. native
- 🔄 Saturday restock
- 🌿 Certified organic
- ☠️ Toxic to humans

Azaleas need acid soil. Mulch to protect their shallow roots from drying. Azaleas are deciduous, while rhododendrons keep their leaves in winter.

S001 **Abelia, Fragrant**

Abelia mosanensis

Hailing from Latvia, this hardy deciduous shrub has rich pink flowers with fragrance better than a lilac, late May through mid June. Glossy summer foliage turns orange-red in fall. 5–6'h ○● \$7.00—1 quart pot

Arborvitae *Thuja occidentalis*

Wonderful evergreens for the landscape. ○●🌿

\$3.00—4" pot:

S002 Linesville—A dwarf mounded globe with soft sage-green foliage. Tight and compact habit. Outstanding landscape or container plant. Keeps its shape without pruning. 1'h

S003 Teddy—A lovable, huggable little plant that has become very popular! The foliage is soft and bluish-green but will turn somewhat brown with the onset of winter. 3–5'h

\$4.00—4" pot:

S004 Sunkist—Pyramidal to conical shape with exquisite year-round color: dense, flattened sprays of lemon-yellow in spring, turning orange-yellow in winter. 2–3'w by 4'h

\$5.00—1 quart pot:

S005 DeGroot's Spire—Narrow, upright spire-shaped plant with dark green, twisted foliage. Suitable as a specimen or in a container or trough. 7'h

\$6.00—2.5" pot:

S006 North Pole, 'Art Boe'—Columnar evergreen with dark green winter foliage, resistant to burn. A Proven Winners selection originating at North Star Nursery in Faribault, Minn. Excellent landscape plant for narrow spaces or as an accent. 4–5'w by 10–15'h

\$12.00—1 gal. pot:

S007 DeGroot's Spire—Narrow, upright spire-shaped plant with dark green, twisted foliage. Suitable as a specimen or in a container or trough. 7'h

\$14.00—2 gal. pot:

S008 Hetz Wintergreen—Columnar pyramidal evergreen with green winter color. Good choice for screening and hedges. Fast growing. 3–5'w by 20–30'h

Azalea, Lights *Rhododendron*

The Lights series of hardy azaleas was developed at the University of Minnesota. The flower buds are hardy to -35°F. ○●🌿

\$12.00—1 gal. pot:

S009 Mandarin Lights—Heavily flowering, bright orange-red lightly scented flowers. 4–5'h ☺

S010 Northern Highlights—Cream-yellow bicolor blooms with orange-yellow highlights. 4–5'h ☺

S011 Rosy Lights—Extra-fragrant dark pink flowers with rose red contrasts. 4'w by 4'h ☺

S012 **Azalea, Pink and Sweet** **NEW**

Rhododendron viscosum 'Pink and Sweet'

Purple-pink flowers with a flare of yellow in the throat and a spicy sweet fragrance. Late-blooming. Prefers light shade. 3'w by 4'h ○🌿☺ \$12.00—1 gal. pot

S013 **Bamboo, Yellow Groove** 🌿

Phyllostachys aureosulcata

Timber bamboo that would grow to huge sizes in warmer climes than ours. Here, it is likely to become 6' maximum in a loose clump, which may move over time, but it should not be invasive. This species has survived since 1986 at the Arboretum's Japanese Garden. 5–6'h ○● \$20.00—1 gal. pot

Barberry *Berberis*

Densely covered with small leaves, thorny barberry makes a good foundation or hedge planting. Do not plant barberries if you are adjacent to a wild area. ○●🌿

\$4.00—2.5" pot:

S014 Helmond Pillar—Exquisite deep purple shrub in a narrow column. A real architectural beauty. 1'w by 2–3'h

\$7.00—1 quart pot:

S015 Aurea Nana 🌿—A real attention grabber with compact habit and bright yellow foliage. Turns bright red in fall. 2–3'h

S016 Concorde 🌿—Velvety foliage starts out bright red, turning deep purple-burgundy, then scarlet in autumn. Tolerates dry soils and is extremely slow-growing. Because the leaf shape is similar to a boxwood, this barberry looks good with boxwood, or in place of it, as a small hedge around a rose garden or other defined space. 2–3'w by 2'h

Barberry *continued*

\$7.00—1 quart pot:

S017 Rose Glow 🌿—Splashes of light pink develop in spring on the otherwise burgundy foliage, resulting in a marbled rose and bronze color in full sun. Pale yellow flowers hide among the dense foliage in midspring, followed by bead-like, bright red fruits in late summer that hang onto the bare branches through autumn—especially effective when backlit by the setting sun. Can be clipped as a hedge. 3–6'h

\$9.00—5.25" pot:

S018 Sunjoy Gold Beret—Reddish new leaves turn bright yellow in summer and then orange-red in fall with glossy red berries. 1'w by 1'h

S019 Sunjoy Gold Pillar—Leaves emerge yellow with faint red tinges in spring, mature to bright yellow in summer and develop interesting orange-red color in fall with glossy red berries. 1–2'w by 3–4'h

S020 **Basswood** *Tilia americana* **NEW**

Tall stately tree native throughout Minnesota. Fragrant yellow flowers bloom at the height of picnic season, late June throughout early July. Flowers used as a delicious tea. Jackson County, Minn., source. 50–75'h ○●🌿☺ \$20.00—1 gal. pot

S021 **Bayberry** *Myrica pensylvanica*

Great for texture and fragrant foliage in the garden. Wax covering the plentiful gray silver berries is used to make aromatic and smokeless candles. The bark and wax have medicinal properties. 8'h ○●🌿☺ \$10.00—1 gal. pot

S022 **Beauty Bush** *Kolkwitzia* 'Dream Catcher'

Spectacular soft pink blooms in spring and foliage that changes through the year. The young leaves emerge orange-copper, then change through gold to lime green in summer, then gold and orange for fall. Requires filtered to partial shade. 6–9'h ○🌿 \$8.00—5.25" pot

S023 **Birch, Dakota Pinnacle**

Betula platyphylla 'Fargo'

Discovered by Art Boe during his years at the University of North Dakota, this white-barked birch is columnar, forming a perfect spire. Yellow fall color. 7–8'w by 30'h ○☺ \$36.00—2 gal. pot

S024 **Boxwood**

Buxus microphylla 'Wintergreen'

Bright green leaves on this hardiest of boxwoods. This is the shrub you see trimmed to flat-edged hedges in formal gardens and labyrinths. Can be kept much smaller by pruning. 3–5'w by 3–5'h ○●☺ \$5.00—3.5" pot

S025 **Bridal Veil Bush**

Spirea x vanhouttei 'Renaissance'

Long, arching branches explode with clusters of white flowers each spring. Dark blue-green, disease-resistant foliage turns orange-red in fall. Makes a beautiful hedge or wonderful addition to the flowering shrub border. An old-fashioned northern garden classic that blooms at Memorial Day. 5–7'h ○ \$3.00—4" pot

Broom, Dwarf *Genista*

Nice for use on hot, sunny slopes when planted close together. Not picky about soil as long as it's well-drained. ○

\$4.00—4" pot:

S026 Flora Plena, *G. tinctoria* **NEW**—Yellow mid-summer blooms on a spiky, twiggy shrub. Heat, drought tolerant. 4'w by 3–4'h

\$9.00—5.25" pot:

S027A Bangle, *G. lydia*—A profusion of electric yellow flowers drape this low arching beauty in May and June. 2'w by 2'h

S027B **Buckeye, Bottlebrush** **NEW**

Aesculus glabra 'Rogers'

Early emerging rich green foliage is followed by white 18" flower clusters making a unique summer display in late June. The foliage often turns clear yellow in the fall. Excellent for small gardens. 6–10'h ○●☺ \$24.00—6" plant bag

Cardinal Bush *Weigela*

Spreading shrub grown for its funnel-shaped flowers that attract hummingbirds. ○●🌿

\$3.00—4" pot:

S028 Rumba, *W. florida*—Semi-dwarf with ruby-red flowers that have a yellow throat. Blooms from June through September. 3–4'h

\$9.00—5.25" pot:

S029 Spilled Wine, *W. subsessilis* **NEW**—Dark red wavy leaves complement the hot pink magenta flowers in spring and fall. 3–4'w by 1.5–2'h

S030 Wine and Roses, *W. florida*—Dark burgundy-purple foliage and intense rosy-pink flowers. Full sun for darkest color. 4–5'h

\$12.00—5.25" pot:

S031 My Monet, *W. florida*—Colorful green, cream and pink foliage provides season-long interest, while bright pink spring blooms provide the icing on the cake. This plant will change the way you think about and use shrubs. It can be used as a low mounding perennial, or en masse as a ground cover. 1–1.5'h

S032 **Catalpa** *Catalpa bignonioides* **NEW**

Spectacular white spring flowers and tropical-looking, heart-shaped leaves, as seen at the U of M's St. Paul campus. Develops interesting cigar-shaped pods that turn brown in the fall. The last tree to leaf out in spring, and the last to drop its leaves in the fall. 25–50'h ○● \$40.00—12" plant bag

S033 **Cherry, Black** *Prunus serotina* **NEW**

Pink to white flowers hanging in clusters. Edible scarlet to black fruit in June. Crushed leaves have a distinct cherry aroma. Yellow to red fall color. Jackson County, Minn., source. 30–60'w by 50–80'h ○●🌿☺ \$11.00—1 gal. pot

S034 **Cherry, Pin** *Prunus pensylvanica* **NEW**

The abundance of sour red fruit in summer has earned this small tree the nickname "Fire Cherry." Fast growing; small white flowers in spring. Bright red orange fall color. Deer resistant. 20–40 year lifespan. Jackson County, Minn., source. 18–25'w by 20–30'h ○☺ \$11.00—1 gal. pot

Chokeberry, Glossy *Aronia melanocarpa*

Glossy, deep green foliage turns brilliant red in fall. White flowers in spring and clustered purple-black fruit September through winter. Good for borders. ○● \$11.00—5.25" pot:

S035 Glossy Black **NEW**—Allegan County, Mich., source 5'w by 6–8'h 🌿☺

\$20.00—1 gal. pot:

S036 Autumn Magic **NEW**—Drifts of white flowers on this fast growing shrub turn to glossy black berries in late summer. High in antioxidants, the tart juice makes a very healthful jelly. Brilliant red fall foliage. 4–7'w by 3–6'h

\$21.00—2 gal. pot:

S037 Viking—Bred in Sweden. The lowest-growing Chokeberry. 5'w by 3–5'h

S038 **Chokecherry** *Prunus virginiana* **NEW**

Long clusters of white blossoms are followed by red fruit, ripening to dark black-purple. In spite of the name, the fruit makes excellent jam or syrup. Can be grown as a dense hedge. Good in most soils and attractive to bees, butterflies and birds. Nursery source. 6'w by 20'h ○🌿☺ \$11.00—1 gal. pot

S039 **Cranberry, American Highbush**

Viburnum trilobum

White flower clusters in spring. Red berries persist into winter. Flowers good for butterflies; berries excellent winter food for wildlife. Allegan County, Mich., source. 8–12'h ○●🌿☺ \$11.00—5.25" pot

S040 **Cypress, False** 🌿

Chamaecyparis 'Vintage Gold'

Strong-growing and golden. Holds its color without fading in summer or winter. This native to North America and East Asia has flat, fern-shaped, scale-like leaves rather than needles. 1.5–2.5'h ○●☺ \$3.00—4" pot

S041 **Dogwood, Bloodtwig**

Cornus sanguinea 'Winter Flame'

In fall, red foliage and yellow stem color. Winter stems are orange-yellow at the base and pink-red at the tips. 8'w by 8–10'h ○●☺ \$5.00—4" pot



Chokeberry

Bring your own wagon... you'll be glad you did!



Shrubs and Trees

We accept cash, checks, Amex,
Visa, MasterCard & Discover

S042 Dogwood, Chinese *Cornus kousa* 'Satomi'

New leaves are red, turning green. Deep pink blooms. Rounded tree shape at maturity. Vase-shaped while young, but becomes more horizontal and tiered with age. Fruits, which can be showy, are similar in appearance to raspberries and are edible. 15–20'h ○● \$79.00—5 gal. pot

S043 Dogwood, Cornelian Cherry *Cornus mas*

Late winter clusters of tiny yellow flowers before the leaves appear. The fruit is dark ruby red, ripening after it falls from the tree. Acidic flavor like a mix of cranberry and sour cherry, it's mainly used for jam and an excellent sauce. Amenable to heavy clay soil. 15–20'w by 20–25'h ○● \$17.00—1 gal. pot

S044 Dogwood, Golden *Cornus alba aurea* 'Prairie Fire'

Here's the sequence of events: bright gold leaves in spring, creamy white flowers in late spring, chartreuse foliage in summer, blazing red foliage in fall, and finally orange-red branches in late fall and winter. 5–7'w by 5–7'h ○● \$5.00—4" pot

S046 Dogwood, Kesselring *Cornus alba* 'Kesselringi'

Leaves have a purplish tinge. White flowers. Purple-black bark is especially showy in winter. Good for birds. 7'w by 7'h ○● \$19.00—2 gal. pot

Dogwood, Pagoda *Cornus alternifolia*

Unique, horizontally layered branching structure, which accounts for its common name. It has 3–4" flat clusters of small white flowers in spring. Fruit are small blue-black berries that add considerable color in summer as they mature and are much appreciated by songbirds. Best in filtered shade, but great fall color in sunny spots. ○● \$13.00—1 quart pot:

S047 Golden Shadows—Iridescent lime-green leaves, broadly edged in gold. Fragrant white clusters of flower bracts. The foliage turns a reddish purple shade in fall. 6–8'w by 10–12'h ● \$19.00—2 gal. pot:

S048 *C. alternifolia*—Green leaves turn deep burgundy in fall. Native; source stock from Canada. 15'w by 15'h ●

S049 Dogwood, Red Twig *Cornus sericea*
Green leaves, white flowers. Rounded shape. A northern classic, great for winter interest with its red branches! Will reach 8–10' in height and width unless trimmed. Allegan County, Mich., source. 8–10'h ○●● \$11.00—5.25" pot

S050 Elderberry *Sambucus nigra* 'Madonna'
European native with saw-toothed leaves with wide margins of gold in sun, chartreuse in shade. Good for smaller spaces, growing more slowly than most elderberries. Performs best if cut back to the ground each spring. 4'w by 4'h ○●● \$8.00—1 quart pot

S051 Fir, Balsam *Abies balsamea*
A popular Christmas tree, narrowly pyramidal with dense crown terminating in a slender spire. The only fir native to the North Woods. Nursery source. 20–30'w by 40–90'h ○●● \$12.00—1 gal. pot

Forsythia *Forsythia*

The classic spring-blooming shrub. Soft yellow flowers line arching branches in April. Forsythias are named for the Scottish botanist William Forsyth, who was the superintendent of Kensington Gardens in London and one of the founders of the Royal Horticultural Society. ○●

\$4.00—3.5" pot:

S053 Meadowlark—Noted for the cold-hardiness of its buds. Prune the flower shoots near the old wood as soon as the flowers fade. Foliage turns purplish in the fall. 6–10'h

\$8.00—1 quart pot:

S054 Kumson, *F. koreana* ●—Korean forsythia with an intricate network of decorative silver veins in the dark green leaves. Attractive foliage remains to brighten the garden once the blooming is done. 4–6'h ●

S055 Forsythia, White *Abeliophyllum distichum roseum*

Soft pink early spring bloomer. Flowers show up well with a darker background. This mid-sized arching shrub is in bloom well before the true forsythias show their gold. 3–5'h ○ \$5.00—in a 2.5" pot

S056 Fringetree, White *Chionanthus virginicus*

Slow-growing U.S. native that is especially beautiful in spring when profuse white blooms appear before the foliage. Serge-blue fruit follows in the summer. Yellow fall color. 6–8'h ○●● \$14.00—1 gal. pot

S057 Golden Rain Tree *Koelreuteria paniculata*

In early July, large yellow panicles "rain" down from this decorative tree. Interesting lime-green pods follow that turn to gold and then brown as they hang on through the winter. 30'w by 30'h ○● \$30.00—6" plant bag

S058 Harry Lauder's Walking Stick *Corylus avellana contorta*

Contorted hazelnut with twisted branches that add to its effect in winter. Medium green foliage changes to shades of yellow in fall. Named for a Scottish vaudevilian who carried a twisted walking stick as part of his act. 8–10'h ○ \$37.00—3 gal. pot

S059 Hemlock, Dwarf *Tsuga canadensis* 'Jeddeloh'

A birds-nest-like selection with feathery, arching tips and a slightly depressed center. Excellent for smaller gardens. 1–3'h ○●● \$6.00—2.5" pot

S060 Hemlock, Eastern *Tsuga canadensis*

Pyramidal shaped evergreen, with a trunk between 2–3' in diameter. The bark is cinnamon-brown with deep ridges and furrows. The foliage appears as graceful flat sprays, parallel with the ground. The pendant cones are a little less than an inch long and almost as wide at the middle; they are among the smallest of all cones. A popular landscape tree. Best in moist soil and with winter protection from rabbits. Michigan source. 60'h ○●● \$12.00—1 gal. pot

S061 Honeysuckle, Honeybush **NEW** *Lonicera periclymenum*

Creamy white 2" tubular flowers with a purplish tinge, maturing to yellow in spring and then sporadically. Very sweet smelling especially at night. Red berries in September. 10–20'h ○●● \$14.00—1 gal. pot

S062 Hornbeam, European *Carpinus betulus*

Leaves are sharply serrated and look finely pleated. Pendulous catkins in spring. Can be used as topiary or as a clipped hedge. Slow-growing. Also known as ironwood for its valuable hardwood lumber and musclewood for the appearance of its trunk. 30'w by 40–60'h ○● \$16.00—1 gal. pot

Hydrangea see box below

S077 Juniper *Juniperus x media* 'Daub's Frosted'

Blue-green foliage frosted in gold. Great for erosion control or along banks and slopes. Grows 3–6" each year until mature height. A favorite of garden writer Bonnie Blodgett. 6'h ○●● \$3.00—4" pot

Juniper, Spreading *Juniperus horizontalis*

Spreading shrub native to northern Minnesota, where it carpets thin soil on rocks. ○●● \$9.00—5.25" pot:

S078 Good Vibrations **NEW**—Attractive chartreuse leaves emerge in spring, change to bright yellow and then take on orange hues in fall. Spreading horizontal habit. Drought tolerant, deer resistant and good in sandy or rocky soils. 8–10'w by 1–1.5'h

\$10.00—1 gal. pot:

S079 Blue Mat ●—Dense evergreen shrub, with long, flexible, branches. Blue-green foliage turns dark purplish green in winter. Useful as a ground cover and tolerant of deer, rabbits, drought, and slope. 6–8'w by .5–1'h ●



Elderberry



Harry Lauder with his walking stick.

Hydrangea ○●●

Annabelle

Hydrangea arborescens

Thrives in part shade. Flowers the second year. ●

\$11.00—5.25" pot:

S063 Incrediball, 'Abetwo'—Strong, flop-resistant stems with massive round 12" blooms. Each bloom emerges lime green, changes to pure white and then matures to green. 4'w by 4–5'h

S064 Pink, 'Invincibelle Spirit'—A color breakthrough. The 6–8" mop-head flowers change from dark, hot pink to a clear pink that is not affected by soil acidity. The flower buds are produced on new wood, so you'll get bloom even after severe winters. Flowers until frost. 3–4'w by 3–4'h

Big Leaf

Hydrangea macrophylla

Large, showy blooms. Flower color ranges with soil pH from pink to blue. Plants over-winter their buds on last year's growth, so be sure not to prune off the buds.

\$9.00—5.25" pot:

S065 Cityline Rio—Rich blue to purple (depending on the amount of acidity in the soil) with chartreuse eyes. Strong stems. Fast and easy to grow. 2–3'h

\$12.00—5.25" pot:

S066 Let's Dance Starlight **NEW**—The first reblooming lace-cap hydrangea. Massive blooms are vivid pink on strong stems. Blooms summer to frost on new and old wood. 3'w by 3'h

\$17.00—1 quart pot:

S067 Pink Shira **NEW**—Green young blooms turn reddish then rich pink. Acidic soils add some lavender, too. 3–5'w by 3–6'h

\$18.00—1 gal. pot:

S068 Twist and Shout—Gorgeous multicolored blossoms of pink or periwinkle blue, depending on soil pH. Blooms on old and new wood from May until frost. Sturdy red stems and glossy dark green leaves turn red-burgundy in fall. Easy to grow. 3–4'h

S069 Oakleaf *Hydrangea quercifolia*

Wonderfully textured dark green, oak-shaped leaves with red or red-purple fall color. It will not flower here: It's grown for its attractive foliage. Able to withstand dryer conditions than other varieties. 4–6'w by 4'h ○● \$20.00—1 gal. pot

Panicked

Hydrangea paniculata

The flowers clustered on conical panicles will bloom even after the harshest winters. Bloom color is not affected by soil acidity.

\$9.00—1 quart pot:

S070 Quick Fire—Blooms about a month before other panicked hydrangeas. The flowers turn pink very quickly and will be an extremely dark rosy pink in the fall. Moist, well-drained soil. 6–8'h

\$9.00—5.25" pot:

S071 Limelight—Bright lime green flowers in late summer. Vigorous and floriferous! 6–8'h
S072 Pinky Winky—Giant 12–16" two-toned flower heads appear on strong, non-drooping stems in mid-summer. Flowering is indeterminate, meaning new white flowers continue to emerge from the tip of the panicle while the older flowers transform to rich pink. 6–8'h

\$12.00—5.25" pot:

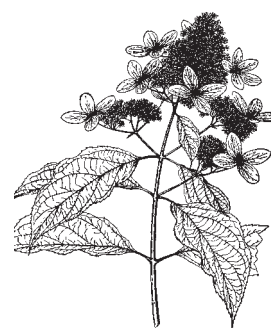
S073 Little Lime—Dwarf form of the 'Limelight' with green flowers on sturdy stems in summer. Flowers turn pink in fall. Blooms on new wood. 4–6'w by 3–5'h

\$15.00—1 gal. pot:

S074 Great Star **NEW**—4" white wavy windmill flowers fade to pink. Blooms mid-July to September. 6–8'w by 6–8'h
S075 Vanilla Strawberry **NEW**—Enormous panicles blend white and pink on upright stems. They start out creamy white in midsummer, changing to pink, and finally to strawberry red. A multicolored effect through summer and fall. 6–8'h

\$19.00—2 gal. pot:

S076 Unique—Pure white flowers in huge panicles, turning pink as they age. Fast growth rate. 10–15'w by 6–8'h



Panicked Hydrangea

Shrubs and Trees

Key

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- ◐ Part sun/part shade
- Shade
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- 🐦 Bird food source
- 🦋 Butterfly-friendly
- ❄️ Cold-sensitive: keep above 40°
- 🍵 Culinary
- 🌸 Edible flowers
- 🌱 Ground cover
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- 🌿 Medicinal
- 🌿 Rock garden
- 🇺🇸 Minnesota native
- 🇺🇸 U.S. native
- 🔄 Saturday restock
- 🌿 Certified organic
- ☠️ Toxic to humans



Lilac

Rhododendrons need acid soil. Mulch to protect their shallow roots from drying. Good nectar plants for butterflies; fair for hummingbirds. Azaleas are deciduous, while rhododendrons keep their leaves in winter.



Magnolia

S080 **Katsura** *Cercidiphyllum japonica*

Beautiful heart-shaped foliage emerges red and changes to bluish green in summer, followed by apricot orange fall color. Oval shape. Fall leaves have a nice aroma. 40'w by 40'h ○ **\$19.00—2 gal. pot**

S081 **Laceshrub** *Stephanandra incisa crispa*

A graceful, low-spreading plant. Miniature, lacy, maple-like leaves unfold a reddish-bronze. Best displayed draping down a hillside or over a wall. 2-4'h ○🌿 **\$4.00—3.5" pot**

S082 **Larch, Weeping European** *Larix decidua* 'Pendula'

Graceful with soft green foliage turning golden in fall. Once its clusters of needle-like leaves fall, the rose-shaped cones remain, dotting the branches through winter. Prostrate if not staked. ○ **\$30.00—3 gal. pot**

S083 **Larch, Japanese** *Larix kaempferi*

Open conical shape with needles arranged in spirals around the branches. Like its relative the Tamarack, this conifer will turn gold in fall and then lose its "needles." Brown cones with fringed scales are attractive. Moderate to fast growth rate. 30-40'w by 80-90'h ○ **\$18.00—1 gal. pot**

Lilac *Syringa*

Nothing says spring in Minnesota like fragrant lilacs. Great for butterflies. ○🦋🌿

\$5.00—1 quart pot:

S084 **Dwarf Korean**, *S. meyeri* 'Palibin'—Also called Little Leaf Lilac. Dwarf variety with an excellent low, spreading habit. Reddish-purple buds open to single pale lilac fragrant flowers. Profuse blooms at an early age. Leaves are dark green and small. Insect and mildew resistant. Late bloomer. 3'w by 3'h

S085 **Miss Kim**, *S. patula*—Abundant orchid-pink blooms from pinky-purple buds, still blooming weeks after the French hybrids have finished. Sweet and spicy scent and the best fall color, a beautiful burgundy-red. Resistant to powdery mildew. 6-8'h

\$11.00—1 gal. pot:

S086 **Bloomerang**—Reblooming dwarf lilac produces purple-pink blooms in spring and, after a rest period during the heat of summer, flowers again. It comes back, hence the name. Deer resistant and attracts butterflies. 3-4'w by 3-4'h

S087 **Donald Wyman**, *S. prestoniae*—Purple-lavender buds open to reddish-purple flowers on large pyramidal spikes two weeks later than common lilac. 8-10'h

S088 **Minuet**, *S. prestoniae*—Great dwarf plant with fragrant light pink blooms. Best bloom quality and disease resistance occur in full sun. Prune as needed immediately after flowering. Minimal suckering. 6-8'w by 4-6'h

S089 **Miss Canada**, *S. prestoniae*—Later blooming with fragrant, single, pink flowers. Non-suckering. 8'w by 8'h

S090 **Royalty**, *S. josiflexa*—Dark purple buds open to lilac blooms two to three weeks later than common lilacs. Foliage has purplish undertone. Non-suckering. 8-10'h

\$18.00—2 gal. pot:

S091 **Charisma**, *S. prestoniae*—Dwarf purple, good for small spaces. Can be trained to tree form. Non-suckering, blooming two weeks later than common French lilacs. 3'h

Magnolia *Magnolia*

An incredible part of spring, these magnolias are northern hardy spring bloomers. Foliage emerges after blooms have faded. Needs well-drained soil and good levels of organic matter. Water frequently in hot, dry weather. ○

\$15.00—1 gal. pot:

S092 **Dr. Merrill**, *M. loebneri*—Showy 3" white flowers with just a hint of pink at their base. From a distance the tree is a blizzard of white. Fast-growing and vigorous. The most fragrant of the hardy magnolias. 25' wide by 30'h

S093 **Leonard Messell**, *M. loebneri*—Deep pink buds open to scented lilac-pink blossoms. 15-20'h

S094 **Royal Star**, *M. kobus* var. *stellata*—Many-petalled white fragrant flowers, 3" or more in diameter. Blooms April to May. 8-10' wide by 8-10'h

Magnolia continued

\$18.00—1 gal. pot:

S095 **Ann** **NEW**—Upright form, selected for late bloom, with lightly scented 7-9" red-purple flowers, emerging from beautifully tapered buds. 10'w by 8-10'h

\$59.00—5 gal. pot:

S096 **Butterflies**—Upright, tulip-like, pale yellow flowers up to 5" wide, with a light lemon oil aroma. Dark green leaves remains attractive throughout growing season. Compact, pyramidal form. Protect from high winds. Profuse blooms for seven to nine days. 10-15'w by 18-20'h

S097 **Moonglow**, Sweet Bay Magnolia **NEW**—Lemon-scented creamy white blooms. Flowers heavily in spring, then some more through the summer. 30-35'w by 30-35'h

S098 **Magnolia, Cucumber** *Magnolia acuminata*

The unripe fruit is green and shaped like a cucumber, then matures to a dark red color with bright red seeds. The fragrant flowers are small, yellow-green, and borne high in the tree April-June. The young tree is pyramidal, becoming more open with age (as we all should). 60'w by 60'h ○🌿 **\$20.00—1 gal. pot**

S099 **Maple, Japanese**

Acer palmatum 'Atropurpureum'

Seedlings of 'Bloodgood,' these trees will range in color from purple to green turning bright red in fall. Exquisite in both color and form, this ornamental is great in a large patio pot or as a focal point on the lawn or in borders. Protect from winter wind and sun for outdoor success in Minnesota. Can be brought inside for the winter. 15-20'h ○🌿 **\$18.00—1 gal. pot**

S100 **Mockorange** **NEW**

Philadelphus x virginalis 'Miniature Snowflake'

Clusters of fragrant, double white flowers in May/June. The name refers both to both the appearance of the flowers and to their captivating fragrance. 2-3'w by 2-3'h ○🌿 **\$12.00—1 gal. pot**

Ninebark *Physocarpus opulifolius*

Maple-like leaves and an arching habit. A great shrub for the landscape with interest from spring to fall. Blooms June-July. ○🌿

\$3.00—4" pot:

S101 **Royalty**—Dark purple leaves. Pinkish-white, button-like flowers in mid-summer followed by attractive seed pods. Very showy, vigorous, and extremely hardy. 6-8'h 🌿

\$11.00—1 gal. pot:

S102 **Minnesota Sunrise**—Spring growth in sunrise shades of yellow and orange darkens to burgundy as it ages, then turns bright red in fall. Pink umbels of flowers in spring contrast nicely with the leaf colors. A North Star introduction. 6-10'h

\$15.00—1 gal. pot:

S103 **Little Devil**, 'Donna May' **NEW**—Compact and easy to grow; pest-free. Especially useful for smaller, urban gardens. Deep burgundy foliage. White-pink flowers in June. Bred by Minnesota's Dr. David Zlesak. 3-4'w by 3-4'h

S104 **Oak, Bur** *Quercus macrocarpa* **NEW**

Known for its wide, open crown and massive trunk. Its large sweet acorns in their fringed cups are an important wildlife food and the tastiest acorn for people: roast the acorns like chestnuts! Grows from the savannah of southeastern Minnesota to its far north. So adaptable it's happy Alaska to Texas. Slow-growing, long-lived, and drought-resistant. Good drainage. 60'w by 60-80'h ○🌿🌿 **\$30.00—6" plant bag**

S106 **Pearl Bush, Snow Day Surprise** **NEW** *Exochorda x 'Niagara'*

Abundant white cascading flowers on every branch in spring. Easy to grow. 4'w by 3-4'h ○ **\$11.00—1 gal. pot**

S108 **Pine, Korean** *Pinus koraiensis* **NEW**

Twisted silvery-blue needles and fist-sized cones make this super hardy pine a landscape treasure. Loose pyramidal habit. This is one of the trees that produce the pine nuts you pay \$20 a pound for at the grocery store. 30-50'h ○ **\$17.00—1 gal. pot**

S109 **Pine, Mugo**

Pinus mugo pumilo 'Abruzzi Maiella'

The ultimate dwarf mugo pine. Very drought tolerant, with a dense form. Grown from seed gathered in the Maiella Mountains in central Italy, which is the preferred seed origin for low-growing, dwarf forms. 4'h ○ **\$18.00—1 gal. pot**

S110A **Pine, Swiss Stone** *Pinus cembra*

Attractive conifer that is conical in form while young. Very slow in growth, and will remain relatively small. Soft 2-3" needles do not turn brown in winter. Remains thick and dense right down to the ground through most of its life. Makes an excellent evergreen specimen or group planting. Pine seeds (nuts) are edible and large. 10-15'w by 25-35'h ○ **\$16.00—1 gal. pot**

S110B **Pine, White Contorted** *Pinus strobus contorta*

This white pine has needles and branches twisted all ways, but maintains an overall pyramidal shape. The distinctive light blue-green needles give this robust tree a soft feathery look. Deer resistant. 6'w by 25'h ○🌿 **\$23.00—2 gal. pot**

S111A **Pine, White Weeping** *Pinus strobus* 'Pendula'

Long bluish needles on branches that reach to the ground. A striking accent plant in any garden. Cylindrical brown cones dot the branches. Height determined by staking. ○🌿 **\$50.00—5 gal. pot**

S111B **Pussy Willow, Black** *Salix gracilis melanostachys*

A multi-stemmed shrub that often blooms before the snow melts and before its own leaves are out, with deep purple-black 1.5" catkins sporting jazzy red anthers that gradually turn yellow with pollen. Grows well in moist places other shrubs don't like. Slow-growing, but hard-prune it about every four years to keep it compact and encourage the largest possible catkins. 6-10'h ○ **\$5.00—4" deep pot**

S112 **Quince**

Chaenomeles speciosa 'Texas Scarlet'

Tomato-red flowering quince, Considered one of the best. Popular for hedging, bonsai, and jam making and, of course, for its colorful blooms in earliest spring. Slow-growing and nearly thornless. 3-4'w by 3-4'h ○ **\$7.00—1 quart pot**

S113 **Raisin Bush** *Viburnum burejaeticum*

4" clusters of white flowers form red fruit that turns black when fully ripe. Edible fruits dry to "raisins" on the bush. Soft velvet leaves. Drought tolerant. 6'w by 6'h ○ **\$40.00—3 gal. pot**

S114 **Redbud**

Cercis canadensis 'Minnesota Strain'

Rounded to broad spreading shape, often taking on a picturesque form. Its bright, magenta-pink flowers are plentiful in spring. Yellow fall color and mildly shaggy bark give it multi-season interest. Moist soil. 20-30'h ○🌿 **\$65.00—5 gal. pot**

Rhododendron, PJM

Rhododendron hybrid

Among the best varieties for our area. Dark green leaves turn purple in winter. Blooms early late spring/early summer. 3-5'w by 4-5'h ○🌿 **\$12.00—1 gal. pot:**

S115 **Northern Starburst**—An improved PJM with larger flowers that are more pink. In the fall, the dark green, glossy leaves turn to cinnamon, eventually darkening to purple-black.

\$15.00—1 gal. pot:

S116 **Elite**—Vigorous, upright and dense growth habit. Blooms later than most PJMs, with reddish-purple flowers.

S117 **PJM**—The classic evergreen shrub with masses of mauve flowers.

S118 **Rose of Sharon, Chiffon Blue** **NEW** *Hibiscus syriacus* 'Notwoodthree'

A beautiful true blue hibiscus. Exquisite crepe-paper blue flowers have a lacy center of lighter lavender-blue petals that give it a semi-double appearance. Wine red splashes peek out from the center July through September. Site in a protected location. 8-12'h ○ **\$9.00—5.25" pot**

S119 **Saint John's Wort** **NEW**

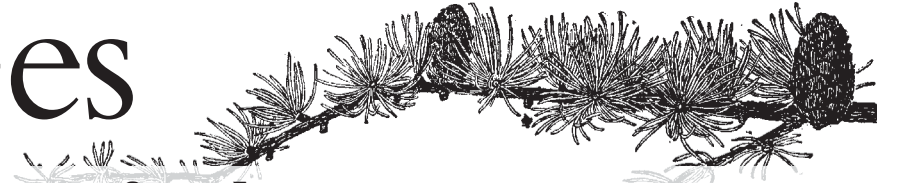
Hypericum kalmianum 'Sunny Boulevard'

Rich yellow blooms mid July to fall followed by a fruit set that persists through winter. When we saw a photo of it, it looked like a daffodil bush! Tolerates poor soils. 3'w by 3'h ○ **\$8.00—5.25" pot**

S120 **Scholar Tree** *Sophora japonica*

This shapely tree produces masses of pea-like flowers in August when you'd least expect them. The resulting seed pods resemble strings of beads. Foliage stays green right into winter, turning slightly chartreuse. Very pollution tolerant. 40'w by 40-60'h ○ **\$40.00—6" plant bag**

Shrubs and Trees



Tamarack

S121 **Seven Son Tree** *Heptacodium miconioides*
Jasmine-scented flowers in whorls in September when few other shrubs bloom, with each whorl containing seven tiny flowers. Next, each calyx turns cherry red, seeming to give another wave of bloom until November. Reddish-brown outer bark peels away in narrow strips to reveal attractive pale brown inner bark. Native to China, but rare and may no longer exist in the wild. Best in a protected spot. 15'h ○● \$7.00—1 quart pot

S122 **Smokebush** *Cotinus coggygia* 'Grace'
New leaves emerge an intense wine-red and mature to dusky reddish-blue. Deep pink panicles in early summer later form a 6–8" puff of "smoke," which remains effective from June through September. Bright orange-red fall color. Can be trained into a small tree or cut to the ground to keep it a shrub, although it will lose its "smoke." 10–15'h ○● \$11.00—1 quart pot

Snowberry *Symphoricarpos*

Grows on clay and limestone soils. Excellent for wildlife. Good for erosion control. ○●●

\$4.00—3.5" pot:

S123 Red Snowberry, *S. orbiculatus*—Native with purple-red berries that persist through the winter. Good for bank plantings. Flowers are yellow-white, flushed with rose in June–July. Tolerant of moist soils also. Prune in early spring, if needed. 4–8'w by 3–5'h □□

\$8.00—5.25" pot:

S124 Amethyst, *S. x doorenbosii*—Midsummer pink blooms, followed by vibrant hot pink fruit. Attractive to birds. Dark green foliage. 3–4'w by 3–5'h

Spirea, Blue *Caryopteris*

Blue flowers and aromatic lance-shaped, silvery-gray leaves. Needs good drainage. Mulch well for winter protection and prune back hard in early spring. ○●

\$8.00—1 quart pot:

S125 Longwood Blue—Fragrant, violet-blue flowers resembling clouds of blue mist. Blooms late summer to fall when other flowering shrubs have quit. 2–4'w by 2–4'h

\$12.00—1 gal. pot:

S126 Petit Bleu—Wonderful, soft blue mounds over gray-green foliage in late summer. The seed heads remain ornamental in winter. Prune back each spring to about a foot. 2–2.5'h

Spirea, Japanese *Spiraea japonica*

Tiny-leaved foliage for ground cover or containers. ○●●

\$3.00—4" pot:

S127 Alpine Gold, *S. japonica*—Very compact with gold leaves and pink flowers. A chance seedling from a nursery in Paynesville, Minn. 1'h

\$6.00—1 quart pot:

S128 Magic Carpet—Red leaf tips and pink-purple flowers in summer. 1–1.5'h

S129 Spruce, Bird's Nest

Picea abies 'Nidiformis'

Flat-topped with a hollow center, this spruce looks just like its name. Slow growing and extremely hardy, this is a good choice for adding "bones" to your garden. The lush, bright green branches will keep the garden looking alive all winter. 4–6'w by 2–4'h ○●●

\$8.00—1 gal. pot

S130 Spruce, Black Hills **NEW**

Picea glauca densata

Slightly smaller and denser than other varieties of white spruce, this South Dakota native makes an excellent wind break or haven for wildlife. Extremely hardy and long-lived. Prefers a dry location. 30–40'h ○□

\$15.00—1 gal. pot

S131 Spruce, Meyer's Blue *Picea meyeri*

Rare spruce from the Chinese mountains with curving blue-green needles. Compared to Blue Spruce, it's less prone to pests and disease, is slower growing, and has softer needles. Good for windbreaks and privacy screens. Tolerates a wide range of conditions from heavy and wet to sunny and dry. Suitable for bonsai. 18'w by 30–50'h ○ \$15.00—1 gal. pot

S132 Spruce, Weeping *Picea breweriana*

A rare native of the northwest. Each branch is lined with pendulous draping branchlets. Slow growing. 60'h ○ \$20.00—1 gal. pot

S133 Spruce, Weeping White

Picea glauca 'Pendula'

Extremely upright and narrow, with gray-green needles on branches that weep gracefully in skirts around the base. 3'w by 12'h ○ \$23.00—2 gal. pot

S134 Sumac, Fragrant

Rhus aromatica 'Gro-Low'

A low spreader with glossy dark green foliage and superb orange-red fall color. Profuse tiny yellow flowers. Good for slopes. A low-maintenance ground cover that works well in all types of soil. 1–2'h ○●●□□

\$4.00—4" pot

S135 Sumac, Tiger Eyes

Rhus typhina 'Bailtiger'

Goldenleaf form of cutleaf staghorn sumac. New growth is bright chartreuse, quickly changing to yellow, both colors contrasting nicely with its rosy-pink leaf stems. Deeply cut leaflets drape downward. Fall color is yellow, orange and intense scarlet. 6–8'h ○●□

\$15.00—1 gal. pot

S136 Sweetfern *Comptonia peregrina*

Although called sweetfern, it is not a fern. Fragrant deep green fern-like foliage makes very nice tea. Blooms are catkins followed by bur-like fruits. Grows well in sand and spreads if it likes the location. 4–6'w by 2–3'h ○●●□□

\$15.00—1 gal. pot

S137 Tamarack *Larix laricina*

Native to most of northern North America, including Minnesota. Tamarack is especially nice in October, when its needles turn yellow. Grows rapidly. Very intolerant of shade but does well in both wetland and upland situations. Evergreen in appearance, but drops its needles in winter. Wildlife use the tree for food and nesting. 45'h ○□□

\$15.00—1 gal. pot

S138 Wahoo *Euonymus atropurpureus*

Native shrub or small tree that is most often grown for its red berries and red fall color. Occurs in the wild in open woods and thickets, near streams and on wooded slopes. Fruit is attractive to wildlife. 10–15'h ○●□□□

\$30.00—6" plant bag

Willow, Extreme *Salix* **NEW**

These willows have been selected for odd twig growth. ○

\$5.00—4" deep pot:

S139 Ribbon Willow, *S. sachalinensis*—Flattened twigs, often used in florists' arrangements. 15'w by 12'h

S140 Snake Willow, *S. matsudana*—Contorted willow with black bark. 20–25'h

S140 Willow, Golden Curls

Salix 'Golden Curls'

Corkscrew willow whose twisty branches are orange-yellow when young, and prized for floral arrangements. Wavy leaves turn yellow in fall. Tree can be cut back hard to keep it more shrubby. Very hardy at the Minnesota Landscape Arboretum. 6–10'w by 20'h ○●

\$6.00—1 quart pot

Winterberry *Ilex verticillata*

Dwarf, upright, rounded, slow-growing shrub with glossy dark green foliage, good in masses, shrub borders, foundation planting, and hedges. Excellent for wet soils. These are cultivars of a Minnesota native. Note: Both pollinating and fruiting plants are needed to get the characteristic red berries; you only need one pollinator for any number of fruiting plants. ●●□□

\$7.00—1 quart pot:

S142 Jim Dandy—Pollinating. 3–6' H

S143 Red Sprite—This fruiting winterberry has excellent year-round interest, highlighted by the showy display of large red berries in winter. 2–3'h

S144 Witch Alder **NEW**

Fothergilla major 'Mount Airy'

Blooms heavily with white fragrant flower spikes in spring. Summer foliage is dark blue-green, followed by fall foliage in neon hues of yellow, orange and red. 4–5'w by 5–6'h ● \$8.00—1 quart pot

S145 Witchhazel *Hamamelis virginiana*

Yellow flowers in late October and November, around the time its yellow leaves drop. Vase-shaped. Use in the shrub border or as a screen plant. Tolerates poor conditions. 8–10'w by 8–10'h ○●●□□

\$10.00—1 quart pot

S146 Yellow Horn *Xanthoceras sorbifolia*

An upright shrub from north China, its lustrous leaves turn yellow in fall. Blooms while quite young. Watch their centers change day by day from green through yellow to pink to red, all seen together at once. Adaptable to many sites except wet ones. Edible nuts. Blooms early, so protect the fall buds from late frosts in spring. Glorious in May when it covers itself with racemes of white flowers. 20'h ○□

\$15.00—1 gal. pot



Snowberry

Minnesota Environmental Partnership's

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www.livinggreenexpo.mn

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to the plant sale, come see
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