

Climbing Plants

Annual Vines

C001 **Bell Vine, Purple** 🌿

Rhodochiton atosanguineum

Beautiful and vigorous in a sunny location. Heart-shaped green leaves with long, tubular, dark purple flowers with parasol-shaped rose calyces. Climbs by twining. 10'h ○●🌿 \$2.00—3.5" pot

Black-Eyed Susan Vine

Thunbergia alata

Winsome trailing or twining vine with masses of 1" tubular flowers with flat, open faces and dark eyes. ○●🌿

\$2.00—3.5" pot:

C002 Susie 🌿—Large 1.5" orange blooms. 4–5'h

\$6.00—4.5" pot:

C003 African Sunset 🌿—Distinctive warm terra cotta shades. Vigorous. 10'h

C004 Sunny Lemon Star 🌿—Lemony yellow. 10'h

C005 **Bleeding Heart Vine** (NEW) 🌿

Clerodendron thompsoniae

This West African vine will repeatedly shower you with massive clusters of white and vivid scarlet flowers. 10–12'h ○●🌿 \$8.00—5.25" pot

C006 **Blue Pea Vine** *Clitoria ternatea* (NEW) 🌿

Striking vivid blue 2" flowers bloom mid summer until frost. Flat fruit pods with 6–8" seeds each are edible when tender. Does well in moist soil. The shape of the flower inspired the botanical name; it was used traditionally to cure sexual ailments. 15'h ○🌿

\$6.00—4.5" pot

C007 **Candy Corn Flag** *Manettia luteorubra*

Blooms resemble candy corn, orange with yellow tips. A fun novelty for small trellises, basket or pots. More vigorous in part shade. Twines. 3–4'h ○●🌿

\$2.50—2.5" pot

C008 **Chinese Red Noodle Bean** 🌿

Vigna unguiculata

Fantastic deep red 18" pods are delicious, full of nutrition, and keep their color when sautéed. This incredible variety will draw lots of attention. Fast cover for a chain link fence. Twines. 30'h ○🌿 \$6.00—4.5" pot

C009 **Clock Vine** *Thunbergia mysorensis* (NEW) 🌿

An unusual twining vine. Narrow leaves with pendant spikes of flowers. The flowers are yellow tubes with curved reddish brown lobes. 15–20'h ○🌿

\$8.00—5.25" pot

C010 **Cup and Saucer Vine**

Cobaea scandens

Striking, 2" flowers that change from green to lovely violet. If planted in a sheltered spot, the flowers continue after early frosts. Graceful climber, suitable for tub culture. Climbs by tendrils. 25'h ○●

\$6.00—1 quart pot

C011 **Firecracker Vine** 🌿

Mina lobata 'Exotic Love'

In full sun, one plant can easily produce several hundred arching sprays of aligned flowers in a spectacular color combination. Each 1" flower begins rich red and matures to orange, then to yellow and finally to white. All colors are out at once. Self twining; more restrained in part shade. 20'h ○●🌿

\$2.00—3.5" pot

C012 **Gloriosa Lily**

Gloriosa superba 'Rothschildiana'

Unusual, almost bizarre, 3–5" blooms begin as pale green hanging petals that gradually lengthen, become wavy, and arch backward, changing color to yellow and then scarlet in summer. Lift the roots in fall and overwinter dry in a basement. The roots are delicate, so handle them carefully. Climbs by leaf-tip tendrils. 3–4'h ○●

\$8.00 bareroot

C013 **Hyacinth Bean** 🌿

Dolichos lablab 'Ruby Moon'

Vigorous climber. Dark green leaves, pink fragrant wisteria-like flowers and deep red pods. Edible as a green bean or dried. Twining. 10'h ○ \$4.00—4.5" pot

C014 **Love-in-a-Puff** 🌿

Cardiospermum halicacabum

Small white flowers followed by light green inflated pods containing seeds marked with a distinct little heart. Quick-growing vines with pretty, lacy foliage are excellent for covering wire fences. Climbs by tendrils. 10'h ○● \$6.00—4.5" pot

Malabar Spinach see vegetables, page 22

C015 **Nasturtium, Climbing** 🌿

Tropaeolum 'Jewel of Africa'

Blooms in red, peach, orange, yellow or cream. Prolific bloomer with edible flowers, leaves and seed pods. Adds spice and color to salads. Great for windowboxes or as a groundcover on a sunny slope. Climbs by long leaf stalks. 6'h ○●🌿

\$6.00—4.5" pot

Passion Flower *Passiflora*

Outlandish flowers late summer through fall with lush, dark green foliage. Not winter-hardy, so must be grown in a tub and allowed to spend winter dormant in a frost-free basement or treated as an annual.

Prefers well-drained soil and plenty of sun. Late to break dormancy in spring. Climbs by tendrils. 15'h ○🌿

\$9.00—3.5" pot:

C016 Blue, *P. caerulea*—Blue and white.

C017 Red, *P. coccinea*—Spectacular red flowers.

C018 **Rex Begonia Vine** (NEW) 🌿

Cissus discolor

Velvety elongated heart-shaped leaves are patterned with silver-frost and rich green with a central burgundy stripe. The undersides of the leaves, the stem, and the clinging tendrils are all burgundy-red, while the youngest foliage is sprinkled with crimson. Best in light shade with consistently moist soil. Stays 1–3' in containers and can be trained to a form. 10–12'h ○●🌿

\$8.00—5.25" pot

C019 **Sky Vine** *Thunbergia grandiflora*

Clusters of purple-blue trumpet flowers 2–3" wide and 4–6" long. Twining shrub form, also good as a trailing plant. 15–20'h ○🌿

\$3.00—2.5" pot

C020 **Snail Vine** *Vigna caracalla* (NEW) 🌿

Fast and fragrant, what more can you ask for? This twining vine has fragrant corkscrew shaped, purple marked cream flowers that turn orange-yellow.

Blooms summer to early autumn. 15–20'h ○🌿

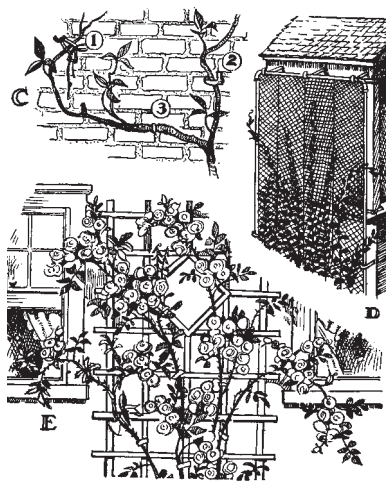
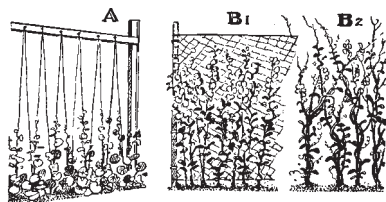
\$6.00—4.5" pot

C021 **Snapdragon, Climbing** 🌿

Asarina purpusii 'Victoria Falls'

Vibrant 2" magenta-purple trumpets with lime bracts and lovely green-gray foliage. Works on a trellis or in a mixed container. Blooms mid-June until frost. Climbs by twining. 8–10'h ○●

\$6.00—4.5" pot



Support Your Plants Climbing plants can be supported by many types of structures.

A. A simple, temporary framework and strings or wires for annuals.

B. Sweet peas will cling well to chicken wire (1), but twiggly brush is better (2).

C. Non-clinging vines can be held against brick walls by tying them to nails or staples (1), or with the flexible ends of wall nails (2), but never drive a staple over the stem (3) or it will soon choke and kill it.

D. Against a house wall or porch, a wire-covered pipe frame can be hung on brackets and lifted down when painting is necessary without removing or injuring the vine.

E. For climbing roses against a house, an attractive slat trellis is very effective.

Perennial Vines

C022 **Asparagus, Vining** *Asparagus verticillatus*

Glossy rich green foliage with many small white flowers in the leaf axils. Spring blooms. Twining. 15'h ○●🌿 \$3.00—2.5" pot

C023 **Bittersweet** *Celastrus scandens* 'Autumn Revolution'

This Bailey Nurseries introduction is a revolution in bittersweet. Not only self-fruiting, it produces berries twice the normal size, every year. Bright red to orange berries are wonderful in dried arrangements. Vigorous. Twining. 15–25'h ○🌿 \$19.00—1 gal. pot

C024 **Bleeding Heart, Climbing** *Adlumia fungosa*

Biennial vine for shade. Pearly pink spurred blossoms. Native to Appalachia and the north shore of Lake Superior in Minnesota. Climbs by leaf tendrils. 6–10'h ○●🌿 \$3.00—2.5" pot

C025 **Bleeding Heart Vine, Yellow** *Dicentra scandens* 🌿

From the Himalayas, this unusual and delicate-looking climber has fern-like foliage and cascades of bright yellow flowers in summer. Beautiful in the trial garden at Lake Harriet. 10–12'h ○●🌿 \$2.00—2.5" pot

Chocolate Vine *Akebia*

Perfect for growing on fences, pergolas or by the patio where the scent will pervade. Twining. ○●

\$9.00—1 quart pot:

C026 Five-Leaf, *A. quinata*—An eye-catching climber with clusters of rounded leaves and racemes of captivating chocolate-purple blooms with a spicy fragrance. 30'h

C027 Three-Leaf, *A. trifoliata*—Elegant twining vine from China with large attractive three-part leaves and faintly scented dark-purple flowers in mid-spring. Combines nicely with a clematis. 4–6'h

Clematis see page 26

C055 **Dutchman's Pipe** *Aristolochia durior*

Large, heart-shaped dark green leaves, great screening. Excellent larval food for butterflyflies. Small, yellow-brown flowers look like a clay pipe. Tolerant of shade and dry soil. Over time will provide a complete screen of green. Climbs by tendrils. Syn. *A. macrophylla*. 20–30'h ○●🌿 \$14.00—1 gal. pot

Honeysuckle, Scarlet Trumpet

Lonicera x brownii 'Dropmore Scarlet'

Blooms, more coral-scarlet than scarlet, are excellent for attracting hummingbirds and orioles. Good for fences or trellises. Bred in Manitoba. Twining. 12'h ○🌿

\$3.00—4" pot

C056 🌿

\$12.00—1 gal. pot

C057

Honeysuckle, Trumpet *Lonicera sempervirens*

A vigorous grower popular with hummingbirds, nectar-seeking moths and other insects. Orange-red berries, which many birds relish, appear after the flowers. Beautiful blue-green foliage. It needs at least a half-day of sun for good blooms. Climbs by twining. ○●🌿

\$8.00—1 quart pot:

C058 Blanche Sandman—Deep rose flowers blooming sporadically from May until frost. 12'h

C059 John Clayton—Discovered by a member of the Virginia Native Plant Society, this honeysuckle has lovely, soft-yellow, tubular flowers that are fragrant. 10–20'h

\$12.00—5.25" pot:

C060 Major Wheeler 🌿—Masses of bright red trumpets that start blooming in late spring. Not prone to mildew. 3–8'h

C061 **Honeysuckle, Variegated** *Lonicera periclymenum* 'Harlequin' 🌿

Foliage is green edged in cream, frequently with pink highlights. Yellow and pink fragrant flowers from June to October. Compact and slower growing. Moist, well-drained soil. Twining. 10–12'h ○●🌿 \$3.00—4" pot

Hops, Golden *Humulus lupulus* 'Aureus'

This fast-growing vine has bright chartreuse, maple-like leaves. Pine-scented greenish flowers resembling cones are attractive to butterflies. Dried, the flowers are also a key ingredient in beer brewing. Dies back to the ground each winter. Strong spreader from the roots. Twining. 15–25'h ○●🌿

C062 🌿

\$2.00—2.5" pot

C063

\$13.00—1 gal. pot

Hydrangea, Climbing *Hydrangea petiolaris*

Clusters of fragrant, lacy flowers with showy white bracts. Early summer blooming. From Japan. Very slow to establish; worth the wait. Once established can grow about two feet per year. Self-clinging by aerial rootlets. 30'h ○●

\$8.00—1 quart pot:

C064 Green foliage.

\$15.00—5.25" pot:

C065 Firefly—Golden to chartreuse leaf margins with the variegation is brightest in spring.

Continued on page 26

Photos needed
for our new web garden gallery
and plant listings. Share yours!

Please send them to photos@FriendsSchoolPlantSale.com



Climbing Plants

Clematis clematis ○☺

Clematis climbs by twining. The plants like full sun with their roots protected from the hottest midday rays. Those that tolerate a bit more shade have been marked with ☺ in the description.

All clematis are toxic to people and pets. Deer resistant.

Pruning Groups

Group IA includes early large-flowered hybrids and Group IIA contains the early species. Groups IB and IIB are the late large-flowering hybrids and late species.

Group IA

LIGHT TRIM

Start at top and trim shoots back to first pair of strong buds high on the shoot.

Timing: Early spring.

Group IIA

TIDY UP

Take out dead growth and prune tips as necessary to keep vine within the trellis support. Timing: Late spring or early summer.

Groups IB & IIB

HARD PRUNE

Start at ground level and work up to prune above a good pair of buds on each stem, usually about one foot from the ground.

Timing: Early spring.

Note: Never prune into strong woody stems. Do not prune in fall.

A Final Note on Pruning Groups

Clematis that bloom in the spring on old wood, and then again in late summer on new growth, defy definite rules about the best pruning time, since potential flowers are removed no matter when or where they are cut. We have generally put these difficult-to-categorize clematis in Group IIA.

\$2.00—2.5" pot:

- C028 **Korean Beauty**, *C. chiisanensis* ☺—Pale yellow, bell-shaped flowers with a reddish base are produced in profusion on fast growing plants. Purple-red stems. Perfect for trellis or scrambling over fences and walls. Blooms on old stems, so do not prune until after bloom. Group IIA. 10'h
- C029 **Radar Love**, *C. tangutica* ☺—Grows rapidly to form lush vines with an amazing number of bright yellow, 3–4" pendulous, lantern-shaped flowers from July to fall. Beautiful feathery seed-heads. Thrives in containers, even in hanging baskets. Group IIB. 10–15'h

\$3.00—3.5" pot:

- C031 **Virgin's Bower**, *C. virginiana* ☺—Native vine with long festoons of small white flowers. Very interesting seed heads. Free flowering. Suitable as a cut flower. Good to ramble over slopes. Blooms in summer. Does not need pruning. Seed from northeastern Iowa, southeastern Minnesota, and La Crosse County, Wis. 12–20'h ☺☒

\$4.00—2.5" pot:

- C032 **Sweet Autumn**, *C. terniflora*—White, 1–2" open flowers in clusters. Hardy, vigorous and easy to grow; free flowering and very fragrant August–September. Seldom needs pruning, but if desired, prune in early spring when the buds begin to swell. Syn. *C. paniculata*. Group IIB. ★★★★★ 15–20'h

\$11.00—3.5" pot:

- C033 **Blue Bird**, *C. macropetala*—Semi-double, small, slate-blue flowers with creamy-white stamens. Free-flowering in May and June with a good sprinkling of repeat bloom throughout the summer. Group IIA. 16'h
- C034 **Stolwijk Gold**, *C. alpina*—Superimposed against a dark background, this yellow-leaved clematis offers you beguiling contrast. Nodding, 2" bell-shaped blue flowers appear in May, changing to fluffy silver seed heads for fall interest. Group IA. 6–8'h

\$15.00—1 gal. pot:

- C035 **Barbara Harrington** ☺—An exceptional late, free-flowering plant. The 4" cerise flowers have pointed petals with a dark border and contrasting yellow anthers. Superb when grown with climbing and rambling roses. Blooms late June through September. Group IB. 8–10'h
- C036 **Bourbon** ☺—Vibrant red flower with taxi-yellow anthers from June through early August. 5–6" blooms. A good candidate for containers, due to its diminutive size. Group IA, but prune again after first blooms; it will rebloom on new growth later in summer. 4–6'h
- C037 **Cardinal Wyszynski** ☺—Vigorous Polish international gold award winner that glows with 6–8" deep purplish red flowers from July through September. Group IB. 8–10'h
- C038 **Crystal Fountain** ☺—Lilac blue with a fountain-like center. Unusual 4–5" double flowers. Compact, with free and repeat flowering. Suitable for growing in a container or through small shrubs as well as on trellises. Blooms June–September. Group IA. 6–8'h
- C039 **Duchess of Albany**, *C. texensis* ☺—Pink tulip-shaped blossoms with a cherry red bar adorn this small-flowered variety. Blooms July through October. Group IB. ★★★★★ 8–10'h
- C040 **Empress** ☺—Central pink pompon surrounded by pink with magenta bars. June to Sept. Group IIA. 6'h ○☺
- C041 **Franziska Maria** ☺—Free-flowering, compact double clematis. Said to outperform any other double currently available. Many blue-purple 4–6" flowers per stem. Blooms summer through fall. Group IA. 5–6'h
- C042 **Henry** ☺—One of the oldest hybrids; from Scotland. Very large pure white flowers with brown anthers. Blooms June and September. Beautiful! Group IA. 10–12'h

\$15.00—1 gal. pot, continued:

- C043 **Huldine** ☺—Blooms in July from new growth and continues through October with sparkling white flowers accented in yellow. Group IIB. ★★★★★ 12–20'h
- C044 **Jackman** ☺—Most popular clematis. Profuse bloomer with 4" dark velvet purple flowers. Blooms mid and late summer. Old variety, introduced about 1860. Group IIB. ★★★★★ 10'h
- C045 **Josephine** ☺—The simple description: 4–5" double flowers in a blending of cream, green, lilac and pink with dark pink center stripes on the petals, overall appearing lilac-pink. But the elaborate blooms change color and appearance so dramatically from bud to seedhead that you almost need a video. Blooms start in late spring and continue for about 10 weeks. Group IA. 8'h
- C046 **Kilian Donahue** ☺—Flowers open ruby red at the center, fading to brilliant fuchsia with orchid edges. Then flowers fade to lavender with a pink bar, sporting dancing white anthers, burgundy-tipped. Early and repeat bloomer. Group IA. 8–10'h
- C047 **Mrs. Robert Brydon** ☺—Vigorous, non-climbing vine with many small bluish-white flowers late summer through fall. Can be tied, allowed to cascade down a hill, or be used as a ground cover. Group IIB. 10'h ☺
- C048 **Niobe** ☺—Best red clematis. 6" flowers open nearly black, then mature to dark ruby-red with brilliantly contrasting yellow stamens. Very free flowering. Originated in Poland. Seldom needs pruning, but if you do, prune in April. Blooms May to September. Group IA. ★★★★★ 8–10'h
- C049 **Polish Spirit** ☺—Queen of the Vines, one of the most prolific blooming of clematis. Masses of rich violet-blue, 2–4" flowers. Excellent for use along fences or on a trellis. Strong stems make good cut flowers. Mulch heavily around the roots. Prune hard in early spring. Group IB. ★★★★★ 15'h
- C050 **Princess Diana** ☺—A British hybrid of the Texas native *Clematis texensis*. Bright rose tulip-shaped flowers that flare wide as they mature. Long bloom period. Group IIB. 8–10'h
- C051 **Rebecca** NEW ☺—5–7" red blooms with a creamy center May–June, reblooming in August. Group IIA. 6–8'h ○☺
- C052 **Roguchi**, *C. integrifolia x durandii* ☺—Exquisite nodding bells in the deepest shade of inky blue cover Roguchi from summer until fall. Glossy seedheads add visual interest in the later fall garden on this hard-to-find garden vine. Group IIB. ★★★★★ 8'h
- C053 **Rosemoor** NEW ☺—Rose-red huge blooms with yellow anthers. 5–6" flowers on both old and new wood, flowering from May to September. Group IIA 6–8'h
- C054 **Rubromarginata**, *C. x triternata*—Heirloom hybrid of *C. flammula* with *C. viticilla* 'Rubra' from around 1880. Blooms heavily from mid-summer to fall. The starry, four-petaled flowers are pink tipped and have a wonderfully sweet fragrance. Prune hard at the end of winter to encourage new growth. Group IIB. 10–13'h

See also the non-climbing *Clematis* is perennials, pages 11 and 12

Perennial Vines

Continued from page 25

- C066 **Ivy, Boston** *Parthenocissus tricuspidata* Originally from Japan, not Boston! A dense, self-clinging vine. Brilliant orange color in fall. Berries favored by birds. This vine put the ivy in Ivy League. Self-clinging by glue pads. 70'h ○☺ \$4.00—2.5" pot
- C067 **Porcelain Berry** *Ampelopsis brevipedunculata* 'Elegans' Vigorous vine, clinging by tendrils, is covered in small tri-lobed leaves with pretty splashes of pink and white, and young pink shoots. As the foliage turns light yellow in fall, the bright blue berries slowly darken to steel blue with some turquoise and mulberry (all shades present at once). Amazing in bouquets. Best fruiting with more sun, best variegation in light shade. Can be cut to the ground in late winter to control size. 15'h ○☺ \$8.00—1 quart pot

- C068 **Sweet Pea, Everlasting** ☺ *Lathyrus latifolius* 'Pearl Mix'

Pink, red or white blooms with winged stems on 6' vines. Plant in a protected area. Climbs by tendrils. 6'h ○☺☺ \$2.00—2.5" pot

Trumpet Creeper *Campsis radicans*

4"-long trumpet flowers in summer with green, divided foliage. Excellent for attracting hummingbirds, good for butterflies. Vigorous vine; not for small spaces. May die back in severe winters, but regrows from the ground. Climbs by aerial roots. Do not plant it against your house or garage. ○☺☺

\$2.00—2.5" pot:

- C069, *C. radicans* ☺—Orange. 30'h

\$8.00—1 quart pot:

- C070 Red Sunset—Fiery red trumpet-shaped flowers. 25–35'h

Wisteria *Wisteria*

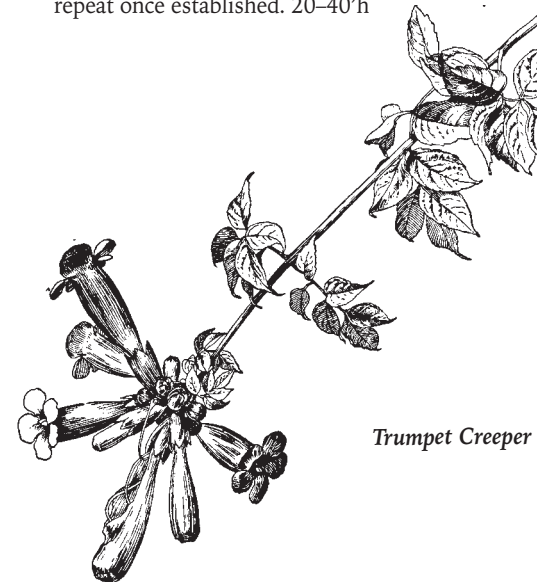
Charming flowers borne on long hanging clusters in May, followed by fruit pods that remain throughout winter. Best on a strong arbor or pergola. Rapid grower, but tolerates brutal pruning. Twining. ○☺☺

\$12.00—1 gal. pot:

- C071 Aunt Dee, *W. macrostachya*—Cloned from a vigorous vine growing near the Minnesota River in Bloomington. Pale purple, almost white, blooms. A big vine that needs a strong support. 15–25'h

\$15.00—1 gal. pot:

- C072 Japanese Wisteria, *W. floribunda*—Fragrant 12–18" violet-blue clusters in early June with some repeat once established. 20–40'h



Trumpet Creeper

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